Iraq says Syria encourages Iran

BAGHDAD (R) - Iraqi leader Saddam Hussein accused Syrian President Hafez Al Assad Sunday of encouraging Iran to continue the Gulf war. Addressing army personnel in Baghdad. President Hussein said Mr. Assad had told Iran that if Iranian troops occupied Iraqi territory, it would be easy to topple the Iraqi regime. 'We well know that Abu Slaiman (Assad) told (Iranian revolutionary leader Ayatollah Ruhollah) Khomeini that if Iranian troops occupy a span of Iraqi territory it will be very easy to topple the Iraqi regime" the Iraqi News Agency quoted President Hussein as saying. Syria, Iraq's ideological foe, supports Iran in the war, which enters its fourth year next month.



Guerrillas to increase Israeli attacks

BEIRUT (R) - A Lebanese group said Sunday it would step up its attacks on Israeli forces in Lebanon despite their partial withdrawal plan and the new defences they are building in the south. The "National Resistance Front" said in a statement; "We shall step up our military operations and our guerrillas will penetrate all thsrael's) detence lines however great they are." Israeli troops have dug a fortified line along the hanks of the Awali River in southern Lebanon in preparation for a long-awaited pullback from the Beirut outskirts.

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Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Soviet delegation due in Amman .

AMMAN (J.T.) - A Soviet Muslim delegation led by Sheikh Shamseddin Babakhanof is due here Monday for a seven-day visit to Jordan. The delegation, which represents Muslims in the Soviet Republic of Kazakhsian: will hold talks on religious affairs with the Chief Islamic Justice Sheikh Ibr-. ahim Al Oattan and officials at the Ministry of Awqaf and Religious Affairs. The delegation members will also be taken on a tour of tourist and religious sites in the cou-

Israeli role alleged in Nicaragua

LONDON (Agencies) - Israel is secretly supplying arms to right-wing rebels in Nicaragua, while the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLOt is providing teehnical advice to the Sandinista government, the Sunday Times reported. Israeli diplomatic sources in the Costa Rican capital of San Jose have denied the reports. the Sunday Times said. The British weekly, quoting well-placed sources in Costa Rica, said Israel was sending the guerrillas arms and ammunition. It was also helping the rebels by providing military advisers for Eden Pastora. head of the Democratic Revolutionary alliance based in Costa Rica, according to the report. which did not give a reason for Israel's alleged involvement.

Egyptian minister to visit Britain

CAIRO (Rt — Egypt's oil minister. Ahmad Ezzedin HilaL left for London Sunday for a week long visit to Britain, the official Middle East News Agency (MENA) said. It said Mr. Hilal. also deputy prime minister, will have talks with officials of British oil exploration companies operating in Egypt and visit oil ins-tallations in the North Sea.

5 killed in Damascus blast

DAMASCUS (R) — Five people were killed and 10 were injured in an explosion in Damascus Saturday, the Syrian news agency SANA reported. SANA said the explosion occurred in a building housing commercial offices and the security authorities had started an investigation. It was not immediately known if this was the same explosion reported by local residents in the Syrian capital Saturday that rocked a downtown

Moscow smashes Hare Krishna group

MOSCOW (R) - Soviet police smashed a secret group of Hare Krishna worshippers, a sect of Indian mysticism, and jailed its woman leader, a Moscow newspaper said Sunday. The group in the Urals industrial city of Sverdlovsk comprised a large number of professional people, including a university professor, an astronomer and a newspaper editor. the trade union daily Trud said. It was the second report in three months on moves against Hare Krishna, an Indian cult of meditation which in recent years made converts in the West.

INSIDE

- after tough warning to Chad rebels, page 2
- 23 commercial pilots graduate in Jordan, page
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- Bilal: Islam's first mue-
- Arnoux wins Dutch
- Grand Prix, page 6

 Kremlin calls for quickened pace in new tec-
- hnology, page 7 Kissinger commission to

Arafat, Qasem discuss Reagan's Mideast plan

TUNIS (Agencies) — Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat discussed President Reagan's Middle East peace plan Saturday with Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem, Palestinian sources said.

They said Mr. Reagan's plan. which envisages Palestinian selfrule in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip in association with Jordan, was one of the topics discussed when the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) lea-

der met Mr. Qasem. Mr. Arafat met Mr. Qasem at the Jordanian embassy after meeting him for five hours during the night at the home of the PLO delegate in Tunis.

Palestinian sources said the diseussions were a sequel to decisions taken by the Palestine National Council (parliament-in-exile) last February in Algiers which called for the development of "special and privileged relations' between Jordanians and Palestinians.

Mr. Arafat's reluctance to reject the Reagan plan outright was one of the reasons given by rebels backed by Syria in the PLO's Fatch movement for breaking away from Mr. Arafat and starting a dissident movement.

Palestinian sources here said

ministers to delay a final decision

Mr. Begin promised not to hand

in his letter of resignation to Pre-

sident Chaim Herzog before mee-ting members of his coalition

Monday morning, they said. But Education Minister Zev-.

ulun Hammer said Mr. Begin. 711.

appeared determined to step

Mr. Begin told ministers he was

resigning "for personal reasons"

not related to his government's current political difficulties.

in recent months over high Israeli

casualties in Lebanon and has not

fully recovered from the death of

Deputy Prime Minister David

Levy said he would launch a cam-

his wife last year.

Mr. Begin has been depressed

until Monday, ministers said.

that other Palestinian movements. like the Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine (DFLPt and Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine (PFLP), had been informed of the current PLO contacts with Jordan.

The sources said resumption of talks with Jordan should not be interpreted as defiance of Syria.

They added that Syria had always maintained it was in no way responsible for dissidence in Fatch and that the split in the movement was purely an internal Palestinian matter.

Mr. Arafat's meetings with Mr. Qasem in Tunis are the first highlevel talks between the PLO and Jordan since preliminary conversations on the Reagan plan were suspended last April in

On Saturday, Mr. Oasem gave Mr. Arafat a message from His Majesty King Hussein about the viiddle East problem and the situation in occupied Arab territories. The Jordanian envoy was

Begin delays final resignation decision

Minister Venachem Begin ann- stay on. He was joined by other elections would follow a Begin res-

"It's too early to speak of a final decision." Mr. Levy said.

plan at a cabinet meeting Sunday

morning. Mr. Begin told his min-

ctioning as a man who carries my

responsibilities should be fun-

ctioning." he was quoted as saying

In recent years. Mr. Begin has

Under Israeli law, the res-

ignation of a prime minister bec-

omes official only when he hands

it in writing to the president. Min-

isters said Mr. Begin promised to

hold off writing the letter at least

had two heart attacks and a mild

stroke, in addition to breaking his

thigh in a fall at home.

by Israel Radio.

until Monday.

isters he was not feeling well.

In announcing his resignation

I don't feel that I am fun-

upied Territories Affairs Hassan

The discussions included Syrian-Palestinian relations. Syria's refusal to accept a reconciliation with Mr. Arafat, the U.S. position regarding the risk of a partition of Lebanon, and Isrel's intentions regarding a change in the judicial status of Gaza and the West Bank with a view to eventually annexing them, the sources said.

Qasem in Rabat

Later on Saturday, Mr. Qasem flew to Rabat. He held talks there Sunday with Moroccan Foreign Minister Mohammad Boucetta.

Mr. ()asem said in an arrival statement in Rabat that the situation in Lebanon and the Iran-Iraq war were among the subjects he intended to discuss.

tinuation of the permanent contacts maintained between King Hussein and King Hassan of Mor-Mr. Oasem later left for Geneva to attend a United Nations con-

ference on Palestine due to open

It was not clear whether new

a senior politician to form a new

Elections would be called only if

It seemed cenain that if Mr.

Foreign Minister Yitzhak Sha-

parliament decided to dissolve its-

Begin wenr, there would be a bit-

ter struggle for leadership in both

the ruling Likud group and the

mir and Deputy Prime Minister

Levy appeared to be the main

candidates for Likud leader. Def-

ence Minister Moshe Arens is

prohibited from standing because

he is not a member of parliament.

Peres is being challenged by for-

mer Prime Minister Yitzhak

(Continued on page 3)

In Labour, party leader Shimon

opposition Labour Party.

coalition

U.S. committed to Mideast peace, Reagan says, page 2

airport He said his visit was a con-

after heavy fighting broke out army and Shi he Muslims militiamen, airport sources said.

fire were flying over positions on the airport perimeter where United States Marines from the intemational peacekeeping force are stationed.

orns of casualties from the fighting, which was taking place mainly between an army garrison and the nearby poor Muslim suburbs.

going on and that rounds were passing over American positions. The Marines were on "condition one." their highest state of alen. he added.

"We are not under attack at this time. But we are ready. Nothing has hit our own area so far." the spokesman said.

Lebanese military sources said army reinforcements were being sent to the area and would enter he narrow, twisting streets of

(Continued on page 2)

ROYAL WINGS FOR PILOTS: His mercial pilots who graduated Sunday from the Jor-

danian Air Academy (Story on page 3)

receive King's message

2 Gulf states

DOHA (Agencies) — Qatari ruler Sheikh Khalifa Ibn Hammad Al Thani received a message Sunday from His Majesty King Hussein on Arab problems and bilateral refations, the Jordanian News Agency, Petra, said.

It said the message was del-ivered by Court Minister Amer Khammash.

Mr. Khammash arrived in Doha earlier Sunday from Abu Dhahi where he delivered a message from King Hussein to the president of the United Arab Emi-rates (UAE). Sheikh Zayed Ibn Sultan Al Nahayan, Petra said.

Officials in Doha said the messages to the two Gulf leaders were part of King Hussein's efforts to seek a unified Arah stand on Leb-

Beirut

Majesty King Hussein congratulates one of 23 com-

closed

BEIRUT IR. - Beirut Intemational Airport was closed to traffic until further notice Sunday around it between the Lebanese

They said a few shells or monar rounds had hin the airport grounds, but they did not know of any

Eyewitnesses said mortar

There were no immediate rep-

A U.S. Marines' spokesman confirmed that a "firefight" was

Other U.S. Marines and local residents said they believed most of the firing was between a Lebanese army garrison, across a tree-lined avenue from the Marines' base, and Shi'ite militiamen in the poor suburb of Bourj Al Brajneh.

Bourj Al Brajneh.

Hijackers demand France stop aid to Chad, Iraq and Lebanon But, renewing Iran's accusations of French complicity in

BAHRAIN(R) - Four hijackers were trying to dissuade the hijholding an Air France jet at Tehran airport have demanded that France cease military aid to the governments of Chad, Iraq and Lehanon and release Lehanese prisoners from French jails, Iran's national news agency (IRNA) said Sunday.

The agency, received in London, said the hijackers, who had identified themselves as Lebanese nationals, threatened to dynamite the aircraft if their demands were not met within 48 hours.

Some 211 passengers and saven crew are believed to be still aboard. the plane, hijacked on a flight from Vienna to Paris Saturday afternoon.

A Foreign Ministry spokesman had carlier identified the hijackers

as Tunisians. The agency said the hijackers. speaking through an Arabic interpreter who had gone aboard the aircraft, had asked Iran to declare its support for them or provide fuel to enable them to fly on.

ackers from blowing up the plane. One of them had left the aircraft for talks with a Foreign Ministry official on the ground, it said,

The agency earlier quoted Prime Minister Mir-Hossein Mousavi as saving he was hopeful Iran could secure the release of the passengers. French Charge d'Affaires Jean Perrian, contacted by telephone in

Jehran, told Reuters the passengers and crew were believed to he in good health. An Alr France official at the airport said food and water had been taken onto the plane at the hijackers' request.

The aircraft had already landed in Geneva. Sicily and Damascus hefore arriving in Tehran at 1415 local (1115 GMT), some 22 hours after it was first commandeered.

Iranian stand

The agency said the Iranian prime minister had affirmed Iran's opposition to air piracy and its concern for innocent human lives.

the hijack of an Iranian aircraft last month, he said that when acts of air piracy were committed in the interests of the hig powers they were likely to be received with their tacit approval and sympathetic response. "Did not the French socialist

government do the same with the hijacked plane of Iran?" the ageney quoted him as saying.

Tehran accused the French and Ruwaiti governments of collaborating with six dissident Iranians who hijacked an Iran Air Boeing 747 to Kuwait and Paris. France, which chareed the hijackers with air piracy but rejected an Iranian request for their extradition, denied the accusation.

The aircraft flew to the Iranian eapital from Damascus, where it had landed earlier Sunday from

Catania in Sicily. The aircraft was hijacked Sat-

urday afterooon on a flight from

(Continued on page 2)

Ali hints at Egyptian-Syrian contacts

CAIRO (R) — Egyptian Foreign Minister Kamal Hassan Ali, in an interview published Sunday, has himsed that Egypt is in contact with the Syrian government.

It said the Iranian authorities

Mr. Ali was quoted by the political weekly Rose Al Youssef as saying he had personally made no contacts with Damaseus, but asked whether such contacts invofved other Egyptian officials he said: "I do not know, but it is possible that they are being done ind-

irectly."

Egypt and Syria have had no diplomatic relations since 1979 when Cairo signed a treaty with Israel and the Damaseus govthe Arab World. Mr. Ali's comments came one

day after another weekly. October, said Syrian leader Hafez Al Assad had asked U.S. Middle East envoy Roben vicFarlane to assist him in arranging a meeting with President Hosni Aluharak.

The October report, which quoted what it said was an authoritative source, said that Mr. Assad withdrew his request when Mr. McFarlane told him he would offer his good offices only in retum for an Israeli-Syrian agr-

"I will find another way to meet Mubarak." vir. Assad was quoted hy October as saying to Mr. McF-

Mr. Ali told Rose Al Youssef he had sent a message to Israel's Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir in which he called for the withdrawal from all Arab occupied territories. "A withdrawal from the Golan "

Heights comes first because if it happens then it will be a tremendous leap torward on the way to a total peace in the area."

VIr. Ali also appeared to sympathise with Syria's retusal to withdraw its estimated 40,000 troops in Lehanon, a stunce that has virtuatty killed last May's troop withdrawal agreement between Lebanon and Israel.

- Hernu returns to Paris

 - uments over Chad, page
- zzin, page 5
- meet 3 ex-presidents,

Druze, Lebanese and Israeli aides hold talks PARIS(R1 - Druze leaders, Bei- took place and said it included Uri rut government officials and an Lubrani, a senior Israeli diplomat

TEL AVIV (R) - Israeli Prime paign to persuade Mr. Begin to

to pleas from

ounced Sunday he intended to res- coalition leaders who said the ignation.

plans for a take-over by the Lebanese army in the troubled Shouf mountains when Israel pulls out its Gemayel wants his army to move troops. diplomatic sources said Sunday. withdrawal — planned for the They said U.S. Middle East next few days — but Mr. Junblatt envoy Robert McFarlane met

Druze leader Walid Junblart and Lebanese National Security Adviser Wadie Haddad for an hour Saturday night at the home of Premilitias there. sident Francois Mitterrand's sec-

Mr. Junblatt told Reuters Sunday he had not met Mr. Haddad and would be leaving Sunday but

urity adviser. François de Gro-

Israeli envoy held secret talks on coordinating civil affairs in Leb-

Lebanese President Amin into the Shouf after the Israeli is demanding key political changes before allowing the army in.

His followers. who dominate the area. have been fighting the predominantly Christian rightist

Diplomatic sources said the (Continued on page 21

Lebanese Muslim leaders warn diplomats confirmed the meeting Israeli army, page 2

Palestine conference opens today in Geneva

ted Nations conference on Palestine opens at the organisation's Geneva headquarters Monday and about 1,000 delegates are due to attend the 10-day meeting which is expected to call for the establishment of a Palestine state and Israeli withdrawal from territories occupied since the 1967

Israel and the United States are boycotting the conference because they say the only views represented will be those of "extreme" Arab states and their Communist allies.

Middle East war.

By Sunday 125 governments had indicated their intention to participate or send observers, and

GENEVA (Agencies) - A Uni- 40 foreign ministers or deputy foreign ministers were expected, a U.N. spokesman said. U.N. Secretary-General Javier

Perez de Cuellar arrived here Saturday from southern Africa. The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) is sending a delegation led by Farouk Kaddoumi, head of the PLO Political Dep-

artment.

But Arab diplomats believe PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat will also make a brief appearance at the conference.

With the exception of Greece. which is sending a ministerial delegation, the European Community member states have said they will send only observers.

Kohl visit to Israel still on

TEL AVIV (R) - West German Chancellor Helmut Kohl would still be visiting Israel later this week, despite Prime Minister Menachem Begin's announcement that he intends to resign, a Foreign Ministry

spokesman said. Earlier, Israeli officials who requested anonymity, said the five-day visit due to begin on Aug. 31 would be postponed because of Mr. Begin's announcement.

The Foreign Ministry spokesman said: "There are no changes so far, as far as we are aware the visit is still on."

Chancellor Kohl has pos-

tponed the visit.

official Syrian news agency SANA In Bonn, a West German government spokesman also firmly denied reports that

ernment has largely remained Kuwaiti minister, Syrian leader discuss Mideast

DAMASCUS (Agencies) — Syr-ian President Hafez Al Assad Sunday discussed the latest Middle East developments and matters of mutual interest with Kuwaiti Foreign Minister Sheikh Sabah Al Ahmad Al Sabah, the

Sheikh Sabah arrived in Damascus Sunday and flew with his counterpart. Abdul Halim Khaddam. 10 meet Mr. Assad in the Mediterranean city of Latakia. The sources told Reuters She-

ikh Sabah's talks with Syrian officials would concentrate on relations between Kuwait and Syria. the Iran-Iraq war and Lebanon. Sheikh Sabah said Saturday he would brief Mr. Assad on last week's meeting of Gulf Coo-

ministers in Taif. Saudi Arahia. The ministers agreed in Taif to seek an Arab consensus on issues such as Lebanon and the split in Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat's Fateh guerrilla group 10 prepare

peration Council (GCC) foreign

the ground for an Arab summit

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MIDDLE EAST

Hernu returns to France after tough warning to rebel forces

PARIS (R) — French Defence Vlinister Charles Hernu was expected to report to President Francois Vitterrand Sunday after a two-day visit to Chad during which he stressed the importance of the French troop presence in deterring rebels from advancing.

country.

French television said vir. will be for peace". Hermi had a second round of talks on military strategy with Chad President Hissene Habre in vidjamena Saturday hefore lea-

ving for France. President Francois Amerrand had sent the minister to Chad on a "pulse-taking" mission and to inspect the 2.500 or more French troops in Chad, where Libvanhacked rebels are lighting the Habre government.

" The feeling here is really that if the French detachment had not arrived, who knows today if foreign torces would not have pencirated more deeply into this couniry." Ir. Hernii said before lea-

ing V Jjamena. In an interview with French Radio, slr. Hernu said the French troop presence had so far succeeded in stopping the threat of an advance by rebels led by former Chad President Goukouni Que-

"The role of our army is to he ready for peace as we are ready for war", he said, "I hope it led for most of the past 17 years. In Paris, two bombs exploded in led for most of the past 17 years.

vir. Hernu Saturday reviewed a

joint exercise of French. Chadian and Zairean troops in the eastern sultations. garrison town of Abeche, which lies on a new cast-west delence line set up across the centre of the

Libyan-hacked rebels control the thinly populated North of the country, while Mr. Habre's lorces retain control of the South and the capital. Ndiamena.

Diplomats in Paris have said slr. slitterrand sent Hernu to persuade Hahre not to launch a counter-attack to try to recapture.

France, which views its soldiers in Chad as a deterrent force, has heen reinforcing its presence in the Central African country with new airlifts of helicopters, tanks and missiles in recent days, infor ned military sources in Paris

Paris has also stepped up diplomatic initiatives for a peaceful

vir. Hernu, was confident there was no chance of a Libyan-led att-

"We know that this threat has been stopped," he said. He declined to say how long he expected the French troops to stay

French officiais said vir. Hernu had invited Chadian Defence Alinisier Rouptouan Toma to Paris to pursue close military con-

Libya and other radical African states have criticised the French military presence in Chad, but Mr. Hernu rejected their allegations of neo-colonialism.

We are in Chad at the request of the Chadian government. We did not internationalise the conflici." he said. implicitly referring to the substantial military aid

Libya has given to vlr. Queddei. In past weeks Mr. Habre and senior Chadian officials have been strongly critical of France for what they considered to be an unwillingness to get embroiled in the

But the mood appeared happier Saturday when the ambassadors of France, the United States and Zaire were fered at a public ceremony. They each received an Arah stallion, a pair of elephant tusks, a carpet and a snakeskin.

the ruling Socialist Party's headquarters and the defence ministry, causing damage hut no casualties, police said.

The banned extremist group Action Directe telephoned news agencies to claim responsibility and said it wanted France 10 wilhdraw its troops from Chad immediately.

No further details were available. Action Directe was banned last year following a series of bomb attacks in Paris for which the group claimed responsibility.

No Egyptian role

CAIRO (R) — Egyptian Foreign Minister Kamal Hassan Ali, in an interview published Sunday, said his country had no plans to get involved in the fighting in Chad. But sir. Ali, in his interview

with the political weekly Rose El-1 oussef. confirmed a statement made earlier this month by Defence Minister Abdel-Halim Abu Ghazala that Egypt would find it imperative to intervene if the security of Sudan was threatened by developments in Chad.

"Egypt backs the legitimacy (in Chad; but this does not mean that we should be involved in outside conflicis as long as they do not threaten our borders or the security of Sudan with whom we have a joint defence pact," he said.

'U.S. connitted to Aideast peace'

EDITOR'S NOTE: Following is ling to sit down together and talk the text of President Ronald Reagan's radio talk on peace and the Middle East Saturday.

Young Americans are already doing their share to build a better world. Today, our servicemen are participating in multinational peacekeeping forces in Lebanon and the Sinai Peninsula.

In the agreement between Lebanon and Israel, Israel agreed to withdraw its military forces totally. The responsibility now rests on others to negotiate in good faith on their own arrangements for withdrawal. Until this happens. Lebanon will remain a potential trouble spot.

But our current efforts in Lebanon are only a small part of our search for peace in the Middle East - including a compassionate, fair and practical resolution to the Palestinian problem.

The Middle East peace initiative which we announced almost one year ago is definitely alive and available to those parties wil-

LONDON (R) - Iranian com-

munisi leader Noureddin Kia-

nouri claimed Saturday night that

Iraq had planned to overthrow the

Islamic revolutionary government

in Tehran and instal former Prime

Minister Shapur Bakhtiar at the

head of a new government. Ar. Kianouri, secretary-general

of the now banned Tudeh Party

who was arrested last February.

nade the statement in a television

interview reported by the Iranian

The agency, received in Lon-

don, quoted him as saying the

l'udeh Party had been advised of

the Iraqi plan by vloscow. The the Arab countries would ins-

pro-Soviet Fudeh was dissolved in tantly grant his would-be gov-

national news agency IRNA.

peace. We remain committed to the positions we set forth, and we stand ready to pursue them in the context of the Camp David accords. Those positions are in the best long-term interests of all parties. vlost importantly, they are the only realistic basis for a solution that has thus far been presented.

The United States continues to support U.N. Security Council resolutions 338 and 242. The establishment of new Israeli settlements in the occupied territories is an obstacle to peace and we are concerned over the negarive effect that continued Israeli settlement activities have on Arab confidence in Israel's willingness to return territory in exchange for security and a freely and fairly

The future of these settlements can only be dealt with through direct negotiations between the parties to the conflict. The sooner those negotiations begin, the greater the chance for a solution.

May on charges which included

Mr. Kianouri said Mr. Bakhtiar.

Iran's last prime minister under

the ousied shah, had travelled to

Baghdad for talks with Iraqi Pre-

"Saddam told him that the

south of Iran... would soon be

freed and that he could head the

government which was supposed

to be formed with the help of all

anti-revolutionary forces in the

area," the agency quoted him as

saying.
"Saddam, said the Russian rep

ort, had assured Bakhtiar that all

spying for the Soviet Union.

sident Saddam Hussein.

negotiated peace treaty.

This administration, like those before it, is firmly committed to the security of the state of Israel We will help Israel defend itself against external aggression. At the same time, the United States believes — as it has always believed

- that permanent security for the people of Israel and all the peoples of the region can only come with the achievement of a just and lasting peace - not by sole reliance on increasingly expensive military

Unfortunately, the opportunities afforded by our initiative have yet to be grasped by the parties involved. We know the issues are complex: The risks for all concerned high, and much courageous statesmanship will be required. Nevertheless, those complex issues can be resolved by creative and persistent diplomacy. Those risks can be overcome by people who want to end this bitter and tragic conflict, and in the process, the United States will be a full partner, doing everything we can to help create a just and lasting peace, - USIA

Iranian communist leader confesses again erament recognition, and that the U.S. 100 would recognise it in a matter of two months." he added. ching the arca. Mr. Kianouri said this showed the Iraqi regime planned to ove-

ned Pakistan Peoples Party (PPP). rthrow Iran's revolutionary leathe biggest of eight parties in the dership when it launched the Gulf MRD, spent Saturday preparing lood, banners and placards for the war in September 1980, rather than just seizing three Gulf islands and the Shatt Al-Arab waterway

to six years of martial law and a return to parliamentary rule.

Beirut airport

The suburb is inhabited mainly by poor Shi ite Muslims, as well as Palestinian refugees, and is belleved to be a stronghold of wellarmed underground Shi ite militants of the Amal (hope, group,

rightist Falangist radio said there was also some liring on the airport area from the Druze hillside township of Shweifat a few kilometres

The Druze shelled the airport several times from the hills earlier this month, once forcing us clo-

But Sunday's fighting was mainly between the Shi ites and the ar ay garrison and the rounds

The trouble began after Shi ite

Muslims began putting up portraits in Bouri Al Braineh of their spiritual leader. Imam Musa Sadr. who disappeared during a trip to Libya in Augusi, 1978.

Lebanese Muslim leaders warn Israeli ar ny

By Alan Philps

Reuter

GHAZITE, Lebanon - As the Israeli army packs up to leave Lebanon's central mountains. Muslim leaders in the South are warning that the Israelis face mounting hostility if they plan to

siay there. Fourteen months after they invaded Lebanon, the Israelis are pulsed to pull back their army from the Beirut outskirts to a heavily fortified line along the Awali River.

diers further guerrilla attacks. which have already claimed more than 30 Israeli lives this year. But leaders of the Shille Muslims who form a majority in southern Lebanon have warned the Israelis that their front-line trenches cannot save them from the

wrath of local people. The troubles will really begin for the Israelis after the partial withdrawal," said vlohammad Ghaddar, a leader of the Shifte paramilitary organisation Amal

(hope). "Amal is ready to take a decision against the Israelis." he said in a recent interview at his office in the coastal town of Ghazive, 511 kilometres south of Beirut, "After the partial withdrawal, they will no longer be on a peace mission -they will be an army of occupation.

vir. Ghaddar was reterring to "Operation Peace for Galilee" -Israel's name for its thrust into Lebanon with the avowed aim of driving away Palestinian gue-

rrillas. Some people here are believed to have greeted the Israeli invasion with "relief," hoping it would "free them from the rule of Palestinian commandos" and end the Israeli air strikes that they brought down on southern Leb-

Fears of partition

That was last year. Now they effective partitioning of the country into Syrian and Israeli canions, and the Israelis will never

leave the south. "The Israelis say 'we want to get rid of the terrorists. That's all right with us -- so long as they leave eventually." said Mr. Ghaddar, a moderate in the Amal leadership and acting spokesman in southern Lebanon.

"They say the partial withdrawal is the first step to a full withdrawal. But they are doing the opposite of what they say: They are building new roads, defences and fixed houses - not for one

winter but for many winters." Israeli Defence vlinister vloshe Arens came to Beirut last week to pullout - the only statement lines.

Tribizand 06:45 Letter from London

which would quell lears that the Israelis might overstay their wel-

As vir. Ghaddar spoke at the ironmongery store he owns on the main coast road. Israeli bulldozers cut into the white chalk hillsides to the North, digging slit trenches for the Awali front line and preparing this year, the Israeli army says one hill-top observation posts.

Amal is a loose organisation formed to light for Lebanon's Shi ites -- the biggest and poorest of the country's flatchwork of religious communities.

Though it supports Iran's Islamic Revolution and denounces collaboration with Israel, it has yet viaj. to tell its men to fight the invaders. But the Amal official said ties between the Shi'ites and the Israelis were strained and such a decision would be close if the Israelis did not say when they would quit.

Potential threat

The Israelis reckon they will be controlling more than half a million Lebanese and Palestinians after the withdrawal. Of these, 270,000 are Shi ites and 45,000 Palestinians.

Foreign military expens say these ligures alone should make the Israelis think hard about sta-

The logic behind the Israeli move is to seal off southern Lebanon from infiltration by antisay he had no intention of carving Israeli guerrillas. But it would up Lehanon. But he declined to have little effect if the guerrillas give a timetable for a complete were ensconced behind Israeli

Israeli military sources generally say Palestinian "terrorists" are behind the almost daily attacks on Israeli troops. But recently they have conceded that some are carried out by Lebanese.

Of the 260-odd attacks repthird took place in the coastal strip, most of which will remain in Israeli hands after the withdrawal.

Already the Israelis are tightening their grip on the South. arresting Amal militants and trade unionists and reinforcing the militia of renegade Lebanese army are armed and paid by Israel.

vir. Ghaddar said the Israelis were holding about 32 Amal officials on suspicion of planning attacks on them.

"They arrested one of my labourers and held him for a month." he said. "They beat him on 25 days that month."

Shi ites have repeatedly taken to the streets in peaceful protests at Israeli arrests, particularly of

religious leaders. Last June Israeli forces blockaded the village of Deir Danoun An-Nahr for a week after three soldiers were killed in a guerrilla

attack nearby. London. "Every time they arrest people and beat them, there is more hatred for the Israelis." vir. Ghaddar said. "They are stirring up the people - we in Amal don't need

iackers de nand French aid end

(Continued from page 1)

Vienna to Paris, and flew first to .. Geneva, where it was refuelled and 37 of the 111 passengers were released.

It flew on to Catania after being refused permission to land at Athens and l'ripoli. A further 55 passengers were allowed to leave the plane in Sicily and a sick air hostess was taken off in Damascus.

The hijackers, armed with hand grenades and sub-machine guns.

told the pilot they were protesting against France's Middle East pol-

had allowed the airliner to land there for "humanitarian reasons" As the plane was being refuelled in Jamascus, U.S. envoy Richard Fairbanks flew into the airport tim n Saudi Arabia aboard a small jet and drove straight to the Foreign Amistry for talks. Syrian off-

as it had claimed.

ormation to Moscow.

during his imprisonment.

He said the Tudeh Party had

tried to weaken the Islamic rep-

ublic and passed on military inf-

In his latest appearance. Vir.

Kianouri denied Western press

reports that he had been tortured

vir. Fairbanks has been touring the viiddle East to try to bring. An airport spokesman in Damascus, told reporters that Syria and Palestinian forces from Karim Iscker, a French eng-

incer with Algerian-born parents. who was released by the hijackers in Sicily, said the hijackers were clearly Arabs though they spoke a mixture of English and French.

Druze, Lebanese and Israeli aides talk in Paris

(Continued from page 1)

talks continued Sunday between vir. vicFarlane, a Junblatt aide. vir. Haddad and French officials before the U.S. envoy left for

Ar. Junblatt told Reuters Sunday morning: "I have had talks with vicFarlane, but not with Haddad. My conditions for entry into the Shouf mountains remain the same.

"I can't say whether these talks have been useful or not until I get home. But I am not an obstacle to national reconciliation. I just have my demands, and these haven't changed." he added.

The diplomatic sources said the secrecy surrounding the nee-McFarlane had made some pro-

He has been shuttling between Israel and Lebanon to coordinate the withdrawal of the Israeli units

from the Shouf. The U.S. embassy and French officials maintained silence on the talks apart from a statement issued by Mr. McFarlane Saturday tings and the involvement of the saving France and the United Sta-Israeli official indicated that vir. tes were committed to helping vir. Gemayel in the challenging days

been strays, evewitnesses said.

supporters as right-wing mil-

34655

237151

..... 74111

TV & RADIO

MAIN CHANNEL Carteons invaders from space Lutte House Programmes review 19:15 Lucal Programme 20:00 News in Arabic 20:30 Arabic Series Local Programme

... News in Arabic

JORDAN TELEVISION

..... French Programme

FOREIGN CHANNEL

9:00	News in Frene
9:.30	News in Hebrer
:0:30	Comedy: Barney Mitte
	News in Englis
	The Love Boa
	RADIO JORDAN

855 KHz, AM A 99 MHz, FM A partly on 9500 KHz, SW

07:00	Morning Sho
	News Bullet
	News Summa
	Morning Sho
	Pop Sessi
	News Summa
	Pop Sessi
	News Summa
	l'op Sessic
	News Bulket
	Instrumenta
	Over a Cup of To
	Concen Hor
16:00	News Summa
16:05	Instrumentals, Old Favount
17:00	Jordan in Histor
17:45	Pope Sessio
	News Summar
	Sports Round-u
18:30	My Wor
19:00	Newsdes
	Evening Sho
	News Summai
	News Summar

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 729, 1413 KHz

06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 The Towers of

06:55 Reflections 07:00 World News 07:09 Twenty-Four Hours: News 5ummary 07:30 What's New 07:45 Science Through the Looking Glass 08:00 New-sdesk 08:30 My Music 09:00 World News 09:09 Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary 09:30 ARTHUR and MAR-THA 09:50 Recording 10:00 World News 10:09 Reflections 10:15 Peebles' Choice 10:30 Anything Goes 11:00 World News 11:00 British Paris mary 07:30 What's New 07:48 Science Choice 10:30 Anything Goes 11:00 World News L1:09 British Press Review 11:15 Waveguide 11:25 Good Books 11:40 Louk Ahead 11:45 Music Now 12:15 King of Jazz 12:30 Sex Appeal 13:00 World News 13:09 News About Britain 13:15 Off the Label 13:30 ARTHUR and MARTHA 14:00 Radio Newsreel 14:15 Brain of Britain 1422 14:45 Sports Round-up 15:00 World News 15:09 Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary 15:30 Cricket Commentary 15:45 The Ten Commandments 16:15 Letter from Ireland 16:30 Crieker Commentary 16:45 Country Style 17:90 Radio Newsreel 17:15 Outlook 18:00 World News 18:09 Commentary 18:15 Viusical Tearbook 18:45 The World Today 19:00 World News 19:09 Book Choice 19:15 My Music 19:45 Sports Round-up 20:00 World News 20:09 News about Britain 20:15 Radio Newsreel 20:30 Voyage to Vancouver 21:00 Outlook 21:20 Outlook 21:56 Stock Market Report 22:00 World News 22:09 Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary 22:30 Sports International 23:00 Net-work U.K. 23:15 What's New 23:30 Sex Appeal 34:00 World News 09:09 The orld Today 00:25 Book Choice 00:30 Financial News 00:40 Reflections 00:45

Spons Round-up 01:00 World News 01:09 Commentary 01:15 Classical Rec-ord Review 01:30 Brain of Britain 1983 **VOICE OF AMERICA**

1260, 5965, 7200, 15205, 11725 KHz

05:00 The Breaklast Show: News, Int. ormal Presentation of Popular Music with Feature Reports, Interviews, Ans. Digest. News Summary at 30 minutes pass the hour. 17:00 News 17:18 Magpass the fitter. 17:00 News 17:16 Mag-azine Show 17:30 Special English News and Features 18:00 News 18:10 New-sline 18:30 New Music LISA 19:00 News 19:10 Magazine Show 19:30 Special English News and Features 20:00 News 20:10 Newsline 20:30 Now Music USA 21:00 Newsline 21:30 Dateline/Focus 22:00 News and Editorial 22:15 Music USA Jazz 23:00 VOA World Report

TODAY'S EVENTS

EXHIBITION

Associations Complex.

Royal Cultural Centre . Tel.	661026/7
American Centre	44371
American Centre Library	41520
British Council	
French Cultural Centre	
Goethe Institute	41993
Soviet Cultural Centre	
Spanish Cultural Centre	
Turkish Cultural Centre	39777
Haya Arts Centic	. 665145
Hussein Youth City	. 6671XL
V VC C. Δ	

lumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics centuries). The Roman Theatre. Amman. Opening hours: 9,114 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round Tel. 51760.

Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qafa (Citadet Hill).

Opening hours; (1,10) a.m. - 5,00 p.m.

Fridays and official holidays 10,000 a.m. 4,00 p.m. I. Closed Tuesdays. Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and scu-Military Museum: Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Spons City. Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m.-4 p.m. Closed Saturdays, Tel. 664240.

Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 119110 1511 year old items such as costume

WHAT'S GOING ON

Polish graphic art. at the Professional

CULTURAL CENTRES

MUSEUMS

Amman Municipal Library 36111 University of Jordan Library 843555

fruite by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countrie and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah. Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 111,111 a.m. 1.311 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. - 6.811 p.m. Clased Tuesdays. Tel. 311,22.

weapons, musical instruments, eeete. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays, Tel. 37169.

SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Tyche Hotel 1.30 p.m.

Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings tions Philadelphia Clin. Meelings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Arman Marriott Hotel. 1.30 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wedoesday at the Holiday Ino.

Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Interconfinental Hotel. 23th p.m. Royal Automobile Club. Jabol Amman. Eighth Circle. Tel. 815261.

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church [Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, tel. 245/41, Church of the Annunciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, 37441, De la Salle Courch (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein, 661757. Church of the Annunciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali. 23541. Anglican Church (Church of the Redeemeri Jabal Amman, 41550 Armenian Catholic Church Ashrafieh, 71331.

75261. St. Ephraim Church [Syrian Orthodox [Ashrafieh, 7175]] denominationall: meets at Southorn Brytts: School in Shmeisani. 663249.

Armenian Orthodox Church Ashrafich

PRAYER TIMES

03:42	J	Fo
05:09	(Sunrise)	Shuru
18:02		Maghre
10- M		- leh

FOR THE TRAVELLER

AMMAN AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Alia information department at the Queen Alia International Airpon tel. (08) 53250, where it should always be verified. ARRIVALS

06:55 .			Caire I	(EA)
08:45 .			Cairo	t RJ i
09:05			Agaba	(RJi
09:30 .			Jeddah	tRJi
09:45			Kuwaii	t RJ i
	············			
	Muscat.			
raint G		7104	Suggi,	DMI.
			A = b =	
ILWU .		·· - ····	. Antara	(10)

13:00	Moscow (SU)
13:25	
14:40	Kuwaii [KAC]
15:20	Jeddah, Medina (SV)
15:30	
16:30	Baghdad (R)
16:30	Bangkok (RJ)
16:45	
17:05	Paris. Beirut (AF)
17:15	New York, Amsterdam (R)
17:15	Paris, Beiru) (AF)
17-15	ratis, Detrui (Ar)
17:17	Athens RJI
17:20	London, Belgrade (RJ)
18:15 .	Bahrain (R) i
18:30	Cairo (EA1
18:45	Amsterdam, Athens, Beirut

... Frankfun, Oamaseus (LH)

.. Cairo (EA)

DEPARTURES Onmascus į RJ į

19:40

..... Agaba (RJ) .. Cairo (RJ) 07:55 Alhens 1 ÖA Beirut (MEA 10:15 Oamaseus, Athens, Zurich (SR) Vienna, New York (RJ) Athens (RJ) Cairo (RJ) Bahrain (RJ) Paris Landon (RJ) Frankfurt, Geneva (RJ) 12:15 12:15 Ankara (TU) 13:00 Bahraio. Abu Ohabi. Muscal (GFI Moscow (SU)

Cairo t RJI Kuwait 1KAC) Medina. Jeddah (SV) 17:35 Kuwait I KACI 18:45 . Doha (RJ)

MONEY EXCHANGE

Local sellibu

Local sellibuy rati	es in fi
Belgian franc 68,7/	69.
Dutch guider 123.5/	124.3
Egyptian guinea 326.7/	331.8
French franc 45.6/	45.9
tragi dioar	434
talian tire (for 10tt) 23_2/	23.4
Japanese yen (for 11h)[. 146.2	150.1
Kuwaiti dinar	1262.7
Lebanese lira	77
Omani riyal 1062.2/	1/167
Qatari riyal [U1.4/	100.6
Saudi riyai	1116.2
Swedish crown 46.6	46.9
Swiss franc 16X Q/	169.9
Syrian irra	63.6
UAE dirham [(I()_1/	190.6
U.K. sterling pound 55(1.9)	554.2
U.S. dollar369/	371
W. German mark 137_3/	138.1

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

Fair weather with a chance of low clo-uds. Winds will be northwesterly mod-crate. In Aqabs, contherty moderate winds and calm sea

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 28, Aqaba 37, Humidity rea-dings: Amman 42 per cent. Aqaba 25

EMERGENCIES

Civil Defence rescue 661111 Fire headquarters 221N0-3 Police rescue 192, 21111, 37777 Police headquarters 39141 Traffic police 56390-1 Electric Power Co. 36381-2

HOSPITALS

Matchiny. J. Amman 44281-
Akleh Maternity, J. Amman 4244
Jabai Amman Maternity 4236:
Malhas. J. Amman 3614
Palestine, Shmeisani 664171-
Shmeisani Hospital 66913
University Hospital
Dar Al-Shifa, J. Hussein 66715
Al-Musher Hospital 667227-
The Islamic, Abdali 66529
Al-Ahli, Abdeli 66416-
Italian. Al-Muhajreco 77[11]
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh
Army. Markn
CHILIT PRETKIL VIOLI

NIGHT DUTY

AMMAN:	
Dr. Taysir Al Şa'di	675952
	—

Oppernower price in fils per kg.	Lemon 200 / 15
Apple (American) 4511 / 4011	Lemon (yellow)
Apple (Smith) 450 / 401	Marrow (larget 180 / 1
Apple (local)	Marrow (small) 240 / 20
Banana 2711 / 220	Mallow 70/
Banana (Mukammar) 230 / 200	Melon
Beans	Melon Immedia
Cabbage	Melon (super) 180/ [5
Carrol	Onion (dry)12u/ 9
Cauliflower (white)	Okra 260 / 20
Com	Peaches 45(1/4)
Cicumber Comet	rears
Cucumber (large)200 / 150	Pepper (Sweet)
Cucumber (smallt	Pepper (Hot Green)
Eggplant (large) 80 / 60	Plums (red) 360 / 20
Eggplant (small)110 / 70	
Figs 360 / 300	Potatoes 150 / 12
Fakkous 130 / 100	Radish 120 / 10
Garlic	Squash
UT2pes (white) 220 / 150	Tomatoes [40 / 11]
Grapes (black) 200 / 100	Watermelon 100 / 7

march in the troubled Sind Pro-Police said they seized the late prime minister's nephew. Mustag Ali Bhutto, and a cousin. Sayed Ahmad Bhutio, and two other men after crowds pelted police with stones in the village of Garhi Khuda Bux, the site of vir.

Police arrest

NAUDERO, Pakistan (R. -

Two relatives of executed former

Prime vlinister Zulfikar Ali Bhu-

tto were arrested here Sunday

when armed police moved in in

prevent an anti-government

2 relatives

of Bhutto

Bhutto's mausoleum, where the march was to have started. Opposition sources said the march was due to be attended by several thousand people and was called as a show of strength after two weeks of sporadic antigovernment protests by the Movement for the Restoration of Democracy (MRD).

It was not immediately clear how many people had turned up for the protest.

Police and para-military forces brought from the North West Frontier near Afghanistan sealed off the village and the tomh and prevented journalists from rea-Members of Mr. Bhutto's han-

The MRD is demanding an end

closed

(Continued from page 1)

sure lor six days.

water hit the airport may have

Gunmen. described by Amal itiamen, opened fire on the Shi iies. local residents said.

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS

Al Salam pharmacy _... Grand Arab pharmacy .. 193. 75111 Firstaid, fire. police --Maher pharmacy 669337 Musa pharmacy

Khaled laxi Municipal water service 71125-8 Queen Alia Int. Airport ... [Πκ] 53333 IRBID) Al 'Omari pharmacy __... Hussein Medical Centre .. 813813-32 Khalidi Maternity, I. Amman, 44781-4

81-4 9441 362	ZARQA: Dr. Musaz Taher Odeh Al Ra'fa pharmacy
140 71–4	
131 845	GENERAL
158 27-9	Jordan Television

Radio Jordan

Ministry of Tourism

Jerusalem taxi .

iotel complaints	666412
rice complaints	661176
elephone:	
nformatico	12
orden and Middle East calls	111
Overseas calls	12

MARKET PRICES

(3)00001 4307 40(1	Martow (Jarget
(local)	Marrow (small) 240 / 20
a 27tt / 220	Mallow 70 / 5
a (Mukammar) 230 / 200	Melon
240 / 200	Melon (super) 180/15
St	Onion (dry) 12u / 9
	Okra 260 / 20
Ower (white) 240 / 200	
··=···· 120 / 80	Peaches
ber (large) 200 / 150	Pears 400 / 35
ber (small)	Pepper (Sweet)
nt (large) 80 / 60	Pepper (Hot Green)
ut (small)110 / 70	Plums (red) 360 / 20
	Potatoes 150 / 120
130 / 100	Radish 120 / 100
~~~~ 320 / 250	Squash
(white) 220 / 15u	Tomatoes [40 / 11]
(black) 200 / 100	Watermelon 100 / 70
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

### Cabinet debates draft labour law

has begun a debate of the new draft labour law which was originally prepared by the Labour

A spokesman for the ministry said the first chapter of the law. which has already been considered by the cabinet, covers topics related to labourers, employers, wages. holidays, and trade

The new draft law also includes 12 chapters covering vocational training, individual and collective labour contract, the employment

AMMAN (Petra) - The cabinet of women and juveniles, wage rates, vacations, health and safety at work and the procedure for settling labour disputes.

> Meanwhile, employment offices in Jordan said Sunday that they had issued 30320 work permits to foreigners of many nationalities employed in Jordan.

> Out of these, there were 17,225 Arab nationals while the rest were Asians. Europeans and other nationalities. In comparison these offices issued 30,920 work permits in the same period last year.

### Talks seek to boost inter-Arab air travel

Royal Jordanian Airline, has hosted a joint meeting of the Arab Air Carriers Organisation (AACO) and the Arab Civil Aviation Cou-

ncil (ACAC) in Amman. The meeting dealt with major issues affecting the air transportation industry in the Arab World and various means of cooperation and coordination amongst Arab carriers and civil aviation authorities. Alia News, the airline's weekly newsletter reported in its latest edition this week.

countries and ways of introducing promotional fares to encourage air traffic flow amongst Arab countries; possible consideration of the flights between Arab countries as "domestic" flights, with the consequently greater convenience for Arab nationals and improved network of connections within the Arab region, and the possible ways of removing existing limitations on travel amongst the Arab countries.

The meeting was attended by the secretary general of the ACAC. the secretary general of the AACO, the chairman and

#### Among the main items discussed by the participants were : air fares for travel between Arah director-general of Tunis Air. **Badran chairs Central**

Bank board meeting

AMMAN (Petra) — Prime Min-ister Mudar Badran Sunday paid a visit to the Central Bank of Jordan and chaired a meeting of its board of directors which reviewed the bank's activities and progress.

At the meeting, the board heard a briefing presented by the bank's Governor Mohammad Sa'id Nabulsi on the development of the bank's different departments, the general policy of the bank which is based on investing its foreign currency asset" and its control over... the activities and performance of . minister inspected the bank's pri-

The commercial banks and increased in Jordan of late and this

(Continued from page 1)

Recent public opinion polls

have shown a decline in Mr.

Begin's popularity but also ind-

icated that his coalition would

probably win at the polls if ele-

Mr. Begin's coalition controls

64 out of 120 seats in parliament

but the three-man Tami faction.

an ethnic religious party, recently

threatened to withdraw its support

and was due to make a final dec-

Labour leader Peres conferred

with senior party members about

His party, which has 50 par-

liamentary seats. appeared likely to launch a bid to form a new coa-

lition with religious parties and

other small factions in the event

the Begin announcement.

ctions were held now.

ision this week.

has brought about further increases in Jordanian banks' deposit and credit facilities, Dr. Nabulsi

Dr. Nabulsi also referred to the bank's training institute which he said was designed to raise the skills and capabilities of the banks' employees in Jordan who number about 6.000.

Following the meeting, which was also attended by Finance Minister Salem Masaadeh the prime the Jordanian commercial banks. nting press, the library and the adjoining car park, and was brinoney-lending institutions have effect on the bank's modern fac

Begin delays final resignation decision

Arab disbelief

In Geneva, Arab delegates gat-hering here for a United Nations

conference on Palestine reacted

with disbelief at the news that Mr. .

Several asked if the resignation

Zehdi Labib Terzie, the Pal-

estine Liberation Organisation

(PLO) observer from the U.N. in

New York, told Reuters: "You

have shocked me. I will need some time to think before I make a

Cairo declines comment

Egypt, the only Arab state mai-

ntaining diplomatic relations with

Israel, declined any comment on

the announcement that Mr. Begin

Senior Foreign Ministry off-

icials told reporters Egypt had

nothing to say at this stage.

Begin has announced he will res-

was related to his health.

tain's social democrats.



His Majesty King Hussein waiting to present the diplomas to the commercial aircraft pilot training course graduates Sunday (Petra photo)

### Arab federations meeting convenes

AMMAN (Petra) — Repers dealing with coordination and resentatives from nine specialised cooperation among the fedof the Council of Arab Economic urity. Unity (CAEU) in Amman Sun-

Arab federations opened a two- erations and a plan for joint Arab day meeting at the headquarters action in ensuring Arab food sec-

Al 'Obeidi cailed on Arab countries to support these federations by supplying the necessary finance, human resources and technology. Mr. 'Obcidi outlined in his speech the role, the federations Addressing the opening session. have been playing in contribution and to Arab economic integration. have been playing in contributing

### Foodstuffs union prepares report on future of confectionery industry

AMMAN (Petra) - The Arab Union for Foodstuff Industries (AUFI) has prepared a working paper on the condition of the confectionery industry in the Arab World, obstacles impeding its development, and the scope for cooperation and coordination between producers and merchants who sell the product, according to AUFI Secretary-General Dr. Falah Jaber.

He said in a statement to the Jordanian News Agency, Petra. that the working paper will be submitted to the meeting of Arab confectionery producers at a mee-

'No effect on Lebanon'

In Beirut, a senior Lebanese off-

icial said Mr. Begin's decision to

retire was not likely to have an

immediate effect on Lebanon's

ael would still go through with its planned partial withdrawal from

the Beirut outskirts" since this is a

The official, who declined to be

identified, said: "We do not see

any effect in the near future, but

we cannot foresee the long-term

State and private Lebanese

radio stations briefly gave top bil-

ling to Mr. Begin's ann-

ouncement, but quickly relegated

it to the end of their broadcasts as

they returned to pressing domestic

After 14 months of Israeli occ-

upation of one-third of the cou-

ntry, a typical Lebanese reaction

was: "All Israeli leaders are the

same - they care only about Isr-

effects on the Lebanese crisis."

military decision and not a pol-

itical one.

The official said he believed Isr-

Amman Chamber of Industry.

This meeting will be an opp-ortunity for all concerned to look Jaber said.

sumption of confectionery pro-ducts in the Arab World. Dr.

#### requirements of Alia. Arab Wings the academy's Director. Isa Qandah, delivered a speech in which and other Arab countries needs he paid tribute to King Hussein for for commercial pilots. supporting the RJAA and its plans

Mr. Ghandour said that the Amman civil airport is now being 10 transform itself into a speused as a training ground for the academy whose Jordanian gracialised civil aviation training academy. At the end of the ceremony, duates are being absorbed by the the 23 graduands received their diplomas from King Hussein.

King patronises ceremony at Amman civil airport

Air academy graduates

23 commercial pilots

AMMAN (Petra) — The Royal Jordanian Air Aca-

demy (RJAA) Sunday graduated its 13th class of

commercial pilots at a ceremony held under the

patronage of His Majesty King Hussein. The 23

graduates come from Iraq, Kuwait, Lebanon and

Mr. Ghandour also announced Mr. Ali Ghandour, oresident and chairman of the board of dirthat plans are being laid for the establishment next year of an intectors of Alia, the Royal Jordanian Airline, said in a statement egrated technical training institute after the graduation that the which will offer training in various RIAA has developed up to the other fields of aviation.

The RJAA was founded in 1964 by royal decree, and so far has turned out 350 commercial pilots. The academy also offers refresher courses for those who acquire initial training abroad to update their skills and improve

their technical ability. RJAA graduates are normally awarded diplomas which are recognised world-wide following the completion of an 18-month training course during which time a pilot is supposed to put in 350 flying hours.

The ceremony, held at the RJAA headquarters at Amman civil airport, was attended by His Highness Prince Faisal Ibn Al Hussein, Transport Minister Ali Subeimai, the commander of the Royal Jordanian Air Force and other officials as well as the Iraqi ambassador to Jordan Ibrahim Shuja' Sultab.

### Road smashes down, says traffic chief

level of being able to meet the

AQABA (Petra) - There has dan Society for the Presention of been a noticeable drop in the Road Accidents, number of road accidents in Jorawareness of its citizens, Brig. Ahmad Abu Al Su'ud, director of the Traffic Department said here Saturday evening.

At the outset of the ceremony.

He was speaking in a lecture he gave at the invitation of the Jor- Jordan in the first half of this year

Brig. Abu Al Su'ud said that dan over the past five years thanks coordination between the judicial to the new traffic system in the and public security systems and country and the vigilance and the institutions in charge of constructing and maintaining roads in Jordan have helped in effectively

> idents. The accidents which occurred in

reducing the number of road acc-

Water resource

Al Su'ud said.

are far fewer than those in the

same period last year, Brig. Abu

### seminar arranged

AMMAN (Petra) - The second seminar on underground water resources in Jordan will open in Amman on September 3 under the patronage of His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan. The seminar, to be held at the University of Jordan, Faculty of Agriculture, is being organised by the Natural Resources Authority.

Taking part in the seminar will be 2511 specialists representing ineers Association Dr. Suleiman the growing of evergreen plants. Arab and foreign countries

#### Zarqa complex opened The meeting he said, is being into the condition and prospects of organised in cooperation with the the confectionery industry and ZARQA (Peira) - A Pro- Arabiyat, Mr. Arabiyat also ope-AUFI and will be held at the exchange views and experience fessional Associations Complex ned a 3-day exhibition of flowers about production and conwas opened Sunday at Zarqa by and shrubs. Also on display are the President of Agricultural Eng- leaflets providing instructions on

Polish artists put ancient format to effective use

By Meg Abu Hamdan AMMAN - At the Engineers Association building in Shmeisani this week is a small but absorbing miniatures. Rarely bigger than snapshots and often smaller, these tiny lithographs by 30 different artists are unusually interesting in that they provide a rare opportunity to see not only recent trends in Polish art but how this ancient format can be used effectively by today's artists.

The painting of miniatures developed from the medieval art of

**ART REVIEW** 

illuminated manuscripts, which

often contained initial letters in

vermillion (minimum in Latin)

and small pictures. During the

16th and 17th centuries, an active

branch of the art amse in England

where portraiture was especially

appreciated. The tiny but min-

utely detailed portraits by Barbara

Rosiak are probably in a direct

line from these early predecessors

except that this artist based her

busts not on the work of Holbein

but on the madonnas of Leonardo

and the dashing cavaliers of Frans

Hals. But what is more intriguing

about Rosiak's work than these

beautifully rendered classic faces

are the backgrounds which unfold to reveal tiny towns sprouting miniscule church towers. lazy twisting make comment, social and othestuaries on which majestic galleons the size of pinheads sail and figures and, although beautifully mountains which fade from emerald green to distant grey. The sometimes obscure. Others are gentle washes and the care taken over these landscapes give them an importance way and above that of simply being a method of filling the background and they put one in mind of the portrait work of the Dutch master Jan Van Eyk.

If they escape the trap of being twee, miniature landscapes and still lives often assume a greater fascination than their full sized counterparts. This is particularly true of Maciei Haufa's medieval arrangements old skulls, goblets. chequered boxes, and trumpets. One marvels at the way these objects have been painstakingly drawn in immaculate and superb detail and at the way small patches of robust colour can bring a work of art right up to date.

unusual means of presentation to erwise. These are usually full of crafted, their subtler meanings are unclear simply because not only are they small but very dark as well. More accessible. strangely enough, are the relief prints which utilise the effect of light playing

over raised surfaces. The most successful of these are the pure white abstract designs by Antoni Starczewski. The neat rows of tiny leaves and the little columns of what looks like newsprint and which one feels one could read if only one had a magnifying glass are delicately satisfying. Jerzy Grabowski's lines of prismatic colours across his tiny triangular studded squares of paper add life while giving the illusion of increasing the scale. But when the scale is actually increased, as in

Rysard Gieryszewski more pro-

Many of the artist have used this minently raised spots scattered standing, accentuates the softness among giant thumbprints, some of fascination of smallness, is lost. Indeed when the same design is ect of the relief - the shadows and the depths - disappears completely. They become in fact probably the world's first minamal

The largest and most colourful of all the prints are Halina Chrostowska's sensually curving female figures. Here again texture is used in order to enhance the composition. This time the texture is supplied by the pile on a type of velvery paper, which, when left

of the flowing female form and the impact, especially the intrinsic gives the dusty pinks, the magentas and tans a gentle matt finish. Crescents of other colours echo reproduced in black the whole eff- the thythmic pulsing of the figures, and in these the pile has been laid flat reinforcing the positivenegative effect. Thus what appears to be an essentially simple image achieves a greater com-plexity — and all in a very small

> The exhibition, which was presented by the Department of Culture and Arts in co-operation with the Polish Embassy, runs for four days, ending Aug. 311.

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### the prime minister does step U.S.: 'No comment'

Rabin.

In the United States, the White House said Mr. Begin's announced intention to resign was an internal matter, and did not appear to be linked to President Reagan's criticism Saturday of Israeli settlements in the occupied West

"It's an internal matter with the Israeli government." White House spokesman Larry Speakes said Sunday.

Mr. Speakes said the United States saw no link with Mr. Reagan's declaration in a radio address that the establishment of new Israeli settlements in the West Bank "is an obstacle to peace." He said the White House would have no other comment.

#### Owen welcomes move

The planned resignation of Mr. Begin could make the quest for peace in the Middle East a little easier, former British Foreign Secretary David Owen said.

"I think he was always going to be a terrible bar to progress on the next and most critical and crucial stage which was to get the Israelis to withdraw from large parts of the West Bank," he told a radio interviewer.

Mr. Owen, who was close to the Camp David process as Labour foreign secretary, now leads Bri-

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#### Minus one terrorist

IT SHOULD make little difference to us in the Arab Warld whether Menachem Begin resigns or stays on as Israeli prime minister, for the Arabs' conflict with Israel has never really been personal and is not likely to be so as long as the shape of the Middle East remains as at present. The roots of the Palestine problem, we all should be reminded, lie in a Zionist ideology that is ton narrow, racist and self-righteous to be able to accommodate the Palestinian people's historic and inalienable rights to their homeland, and in which Begin plays the part of only one practising believer.

To project Begin as the great leader who could achieve for his people spectacular but costless victories, if only over the Arabs, is equally wrong. Begin was, and still is, the mad leader of hooligans that his fellow Zionist David Ben-Gurion said he was; and his leadership of Israel since 1977 cannot be but a big black mark in Jewish history until this day and beyond.

A former terrorist turned politician and prime minister of Israel, Begin invokes the memory of the bloodsbed and destruction he has caused in Palestine and the rest of the Middle East since the early 1940s. In the last years of the British Mandate in Palestine. he directed anti-British operations that included the bombing of Jerusalem's King David Hotel in which almost 100 people died. Later, he graduated the terrorists who were to massacre hundreds of Palestinians and drive the rest away from their homes and land. In 1967, he was a member of the cabinet which ordered the attack against Jordan, Syria and Egypt. It was him who annexed Arab Jerusalem and the Golan Heights, and who is now pursuing every conceivable expansionist plan to take over the rest of the occupied territories. Begin of course would not stop at that: He also had to destroy the Iraqi nuclear reactor at Tammuz in 1981, and to send his army into Lebanon in the summer of 1982 to kill thousands of Lebanese, and Palestinians and his own people, for no good reason at all except perhaps to satisfy his and that of his friend Sharon's thirst for blood and hegemony.

If go Begin must, let him do so, and quickly. Except perhaps for his Likud coalition partners, who out of necessity share with him dangerous visions of the "Eretz Israel" that will never exist, ant many, either here in the Arab World or in the rest of the globe, will want to shed tears over him, we promise. Begin's departure may not actually change much, but the warld will no doubt be a better place with one less prime

#### **ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS**

#### Al Ra'i: More U.S. trickery

WE REALLy wonder what President Reagan hopes to achieve by his attempt to revive his already dead. Vliddle East peace proposal. No matter how hard the president tries, even if he again describes Israel's sculements as an obstacle to peace, he will not be able to regain U.S. credibility in the Arab region after Washington's use of its veto at the U.N. security council which killed a resolution calling for the dismantling of Israeli settlements in the occupied Arab territory. The only motive behind his call to revive his vliddle East proposals is the forthcoming U.S. elections. His call is intended to convince the Arabs that a Middle East settlement is approaching and will be achieved by the U.S. This is of course intended to improve his political position on the domestic front, and thus to improve his stature in relation to the American voters. This is simply an American election trick in which VIr. Reagan hopes to employ the Arahs as a tool to achieve his own personal objectives. But the president will not be able to deceive the Arabs any more now that he has exposed its real intentions in the forum of the security council and then by announcine plans to supply Israel with additional military and financial assistance. The Arabs should heware of false American promises and luture U.S. tricks. They should work hard to end their own differences and take action in the coming summit to lace the challenges themselves.

#### . Al Dustour: Israel benefits in Lebanon

EVERYBODY IS watching the developments in Lebanon and evetyone both inside and outside Lebanon speculate about whether the situation will improve or explode. Of course this has been brought ahout hy Israel's announcement of its plans to effect a partial withdrawal from the Shout viountains around Beirut, giving rise to speculation that tactional fighting will crupt again or more probably a reconciliation might be achieved among the warring factions.

However, Israel has benefited from the simution. By announcing its withdrawal plans it diverted the world's attention from the real problem of its occupation of Lehanon and also paved the way for a new outhreak at fighting between the Druze and Falangists in the Shouf. For its part, the United States has steered the course of events to serve both its own purpose and the interests of its ally. Israel, The Lebanon issue has been well exploited by the Reagan administration as a trump card in the coming presidential elections. This admiinistration has satisfied the lewish voters by refraining from exerting any pressure on Israel to withdraw from Lehanon and by announcing plans to sell Israel more warplanes. It has also succeeded in freezing the situation in Lehanon so as to strengthen Israel's position.

#### Sawt Al Shaab: Arab World ineffective

DESPITE THE seemingly intensive Arab elloris to defuse the situation in Lehanon and despite the flurry of activities that appear now and then from some Arab governments, the Arabs remain inelfective in their actions and unable to achieve any constructive results in the region. Whatever they do and no matter how hard some of them work to end the lighting in Lebanon, the Arabs will not achieve anything as long as their leaders are embroiled in their own disputes and differences. The Arahs now seem helpless and to have no control over their own future.

Take for instance the question of an Israeli withdrawal from the Shouf Mountains in Lehanon. This issue has been the focus of attention in Tel Aviv. Washington. Paris. Rome but not the Arab World. The Arabs are not even being consulted on this question as if Lebanon and the Israeli occupation is not of their concern. Now we ask, where is the Arab role in ending the internal conflict to Lebacoo. where is the Arah League which should have long ago interfered to end the bloodshed? The Arabs did not even do anything to end the dispute herween Syria and the PLO.

### Unconditional U.S. support for Israel harms peace

By Gideon Samet

WASHINGTON ~ Lots of birds some happy, some grudging lately have been singing, from the treetops, a sweet song about renewed American-Israeli understanding. What is troubling is that no one has bothered to ask if Israel's best interests are served by the new cordiality or if the Reagan administration is doing the right thing by heing so indiscriminately

Certaioly, relations are much improved. American disappointment with moderate Arab overnments, the demise of the Palestine Liberation Organisation, increasing Soviet penetration of Syria. a more fortheoming Israel and the looming American election year - all have combined to create a new har-

The easing of tensions was highlighted last month, when Israeli Defence Minister Moshe Arens. and Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir reached an understanding with the administration over the controversial redeployment of Israeli forces in Lebacon. For the first time in years, the United States did not try to bang its head. against a wall of objective circumstances and instead acquiesced in Israel's decision to withdraw to the Awali River.

But not all the administration's cordial gestures are so wisely taken. A week later, the U.S. routine veto of a United Nations Security Council resolution condemning Israeli settlements on the Wesi Bank was accompanied by a

mony between Jerusalem and State Department explanation that was anything but routine: A statement that dismantling existing settlements would be "impractical" and "unrealistic" when 'you look at the reality on the ground.' Secretary of State George P. Shultz later confirmed this view on television.

> This unprecedented public sign that Washington will not touch existing Israeli settlements was quite unnecessary for justifying the veto: It must have been intended as a political signal. Not surprisingly, it was immediate cause for rejoicing among Israelis and protest among Arabs - hardesirable at a time when the new United States Special Envoy. Robert, C. McFarlane, was heading for delicate talks in Arab capitals on withdrawing lorces from

years of trying unsuccessfully to solve the problem of the West Bank. Washington seems to be conceding that there may be no solution except that of the Begin government — annexation.

On Sept. I last year. President Reagan put forth a peace initiative with a very different, ambitious plan for the territories — a vision of self-rule for Palestinians in association with Jordan. The anniversary of that initiative will be marked by all who hope for peace as the anniversary of a failure. The entente cordiale with Israel should not become a reason to perpetuate

As an Israeli who is troubled by my country's future. I hope deeply

What can the administration be that this will not happen. Israel thinking of." Its language points cannot possibly remain a healthy clearly to an explanation: After democracy and uphold its moral principles while ruling more than a million Arabs. The notion that a change in the existing soluation on the West Bank would be "impractical" is no favour to my country. It is a sorry admission of Americao impotence, a seed of

> Does not Washington understand that an American prejudgment of the settlements issue would seriously handicap any future negotiation?

> future calamity both for Israel and

for American interests in the reg-

To be sure, the Reagan initiative must be adjusted to ehanging eircumstances: Jordan and the PLO are not ready to participate in talks — and cannot be counted on for some time to come.

But using the election season as an excuse to sit on one's hands, brooding over impracticalities and grinning aimlessly at Istaelis and Arabs alike is no alternative.

The Reagan administration must try to break new ground despite the uncertainties. The path to a solution inevitably brings one now to Palestician leaders on the West Bank. They must be encnuraged to take an initiative during the coming year, and Washington must demand that Mr. Begin make good on his pledge to grant the West Bank Arabs self-

The writer, who has just completed three years as Washington correspondent of Ha'arctz, an Israck morning newspaper, contributed this art-



### U.N. argument on Chad counterposed by Libya

By Mary Astadourian

U.N., New York — Despite early indications that the U.S. was preparing to play a strong role in restraining Libya's Colonel Oadhali from his so-called "aggression" against the regime of Chadian resident Hissene Habre. France. although reluctant at first, got into the driver's seat and began to assen itself both on the field and at he United Nations.

The problem between the two neighbouring states of Libya and Chad, which has been before the U.N. since last February, has split into two separate yet related issues and resulted in the holding of two sets of Security Council meetings which met hack to hack for several days. The first set were convened and Chad's request and dealt with Lihya's intervention in Chad. The second set resulted Irom Libya's complaints that U.S. troops and military equipment -sent to Sudan. Egypt, Somalia and Oman for a series of military exereises — were threatening the seeurity of the region. Libyan representatives here asserted that these exercises were merely an excuse for the U.S. to meddle further in the vliddle East.

li soon became evideni that the U...S has basically backed away from the issue. Early in the Chad-Libya dehate U.N. sources confirmed that the U.S. was helping Citad draw up a resolution to be brought before the council. But no resolution surfaced. Furthermore, the deputy U.S. amh-

not even speak during the council meeting on Chad's complaint, but reserved all his comments for the meetings, on Lihya's complaint against the U.S.

Although the U.S. was not alone in criticising Col. Qadhali, no major Western power came to the defence of the Reagan adm-



inistration against Dadhafi's aceusations that the U.S. was threatening the sceurity of the Mednerranean region and North Africa. Rather, with the exception of Sudan, which definitely has a vital interest in the issue, all the countries which took part in the debate - Syria. South Yemen, the USSR, Poland, Cuha, Iran, Afg-

assador, Charles Lichenstein, did hanistan. Vietnam. Guyana and Laos — either spoke strongly as inst the U.S. or only stressed the need for a more important role to be played by the Organisation of African Unity.

> vleanwhile. Egypt has remained conspicuously out of the picture. It is thought the reason is that, anxious to reasserr itself as a major Middle East power. Egypt did not want to damage these efforts by flaunting the fact that U.S.-sponsored military manocuvres were under way within its borders. The Egyptian delegate limited his contribution to a brief speech stating that Libyan intervention in Chad is not in the intcrests of African unity. However. Sudan spoke out boldly and frequently.

Although few here think that the Chad-Libya conflict will be solved at the U.N., there are a number of opinions as to what the outcome may be. One formula indicates a possible accommodation of policies between Libya and France, whereby an acceptable leader to both - other than Hissene Habre and Goukouni Oueddei -- will be ehosen. Another possibility is that a new defence line - much like the Awali line in Lebanon - will be drawn, possibly leading to a de facto partition of Chad into two specific spheres of influence. Libyan and French. Although the S. would not like this option, it is believed it would accept it if it was a way to contain Col. Oadhaff's thrust. - Middle East International

### New drive by Japanese Socialists

By Ebot Taylor

The JSP has been in office only once since the end of the World War II when it led a coalition in 1947 and 1948.

It believes there is now a growing need to change national priorities to provide more social welfare at home and increased Japanese aid to the Third World poor.

During the past 28 years of unbroken rule by the conservative Liberal Democratic Party (LDP). the JSP has remained the largest opposition grouping, but its electoral support has been steadily declining. Its share of the popular vote in elections for the House of Representatives hit an all-time low of 19.3 per cent in the last election in 1980.

Following the loss of some sears in June's poll for the rubber-stamp upper house. Masashi Ishibashi has taken on the formidable task of trying to reshape the JSP as an alternative government in the eyes of Japan's 84 million voters.

He replaces lehio Asukata, 68. who stepped down following the election after five years as chairman, saying the JSP could no longer rely on slogans calling for Japanese neutrality and defence of the pacifist constitution to win

'A member of parliament since 1955, Mr. Ishibashi, 58, believes part of the party's problems arise from a problem with the image of socialism in general.

"Socialism is no longer received so readily as in the past. It has a rather negative image which has had a direct effect on our party."

Mr. Ishibashi told Reuters in an

Party (JSP), racked for years by internal ideological disputes, is making a fresh attempt to rid itself of its image as the country's permission party.

making a fresh attempt to rid itself of its image as the country's permission party.

much of the blame on the party itself, saying voters have heen turned off by persistent ideological infighting between orthodox Marxists and others — distracting the party from practical policy issues.

Also, many voters have come to view the JSP as simply a political extension of the fourmillion-strong Sohyo. Japan's lar-

gest trade union group. The mass-circulation mainichi Shimbun said in a recent editorial that the JSP had turned into a mere pressure group keen on defending the interests of Sohyo but no longer capable of meeting the needs of the nation and coping with the rapidly changing social and economic circumstances.

Mr. Ishibashi accepts some of the criticism. "There will be no other way but to face it and gradually adjust ourselves." he said.

Despite Japan's rapid post-war industrial growth and the accompanying rise to affluence under the LDP. the country still lags well behind other industrial nations in welfare programmes and social amenities. This is one area where Mr. Ishibashi believes the Socialist Party can take the initiative from

Strongly opposed to Japan having any armed forces and a confirmed neutralist, Mr. Ishibashi is highly critical of Prime Minister Yasuhiro Nakasone's defence policies. the U.S. security alliance and Mr. Nakasone's talk of strengthening Japan's world political

Being a political power seems to tickle the nationalistic sentiment of the Japanese. They would feel pleased to hear that Japan is the number two or three

power in the world," Mr. Ishibashi

Instead, he wants Japan to beeome what he describes as a major "cultural power," devoting the money now spent on defence to improving social welfare facilities and increasing aid to the Third World.

"Japan should actively deal with the north-south problem. Its development assistance is small in terms of amount and, in many cases, is tied to compulsory purchases of Japanese products," he

added. vlr. Ishihashi said the JSP has to develop a new approach to socialism. possibly incorporating some of the merits of capitalism. but he rejects West European social democratie parties as models.

'Socialism in Western Europe cannot be our model. The most definite point of difference is that they recognise nuclear arms and also acknowledge military alliances." he said.

The new Socialist Party leader said he believed the JSP's best hope of attaining power was through a coalition with other minority panies. He said the prolongation of one-party rule by the LDP was unhealthy, and a coalition government should be formed as a transitional step.

However, most analysts see litile chance of the opposition posing a serious threat to the dominance of the LDP.

"Clearly, the LDP is going to rule from here on in. There is no other party that is even putting up enough candidates to be able to take over the government". Professor Nathaniel Thaver, director of Asian studies at America's Johns Hopkins University, recently told foreign correspondents

### U.S. historian, Soviet scientist positive on Reagan's return

By Christopher Hanson

WASHINGTON - If President Reagan runs for re-elèction in 1984 he will win, according to a political Litmus test devised by a U.S. historian and a Soviet sci-

Predict a Republican victory if Mr. Reagan ruos again." the historian. Alan Liehtman of Amecan University, recently told a lecture audience, explaining that he had devised his scheme for predicting elections along with Soviet scientist Volodia Keilis-Borok, who predicts carthquakes.

The two met at California's Standford University in 1981 and, hypothesising that elections are much like carthquakes, produced a list of 13 indicators or "keys" which they applied to every presidential election since 1861t, Mr.

He said the keys point to a solid Mr. Reagan victory in 1984, despite polls that now show him trailing Democratic rivals, just as they foretold a defeat for Jimmy Carter in 1980, although he had led Mr. Reagan in some opinion SULVEAS.

Vir. Lichtman said that based on election patterns of the past 121) years, an incumbent's chances of winning are raised each time he can answer "yes" to six questions.

I. Did the party in power receive at least 51 per cent of the popular vote in the previous election? Mr. Reagao did in 1980. 2. Is the sitting president see-

king re-election? Mr. Reagan has

not said, but White House insiders

are convinced he will. 3. Did he achieve major policy changes? Mr. Reagan did with big cuts in social programmes and major military budget increases.

4. Was there a major foreign

policy success? Not yet.

5. Is the incumbent charismatic or a national hero? Many believe Mr. Reagan's great personal appeal is a kind of charisma.

6. Was the yearly mean per capita rate of growth in real gross national product during the incumbent's first term equal to or more than one per cent greater than that of the prior eight years? With the economy recovering from a recession that began under Mr. Carter, Mr. Reagan should be able to answer "yes", according to

Mr. Lichtman. Thus, five of the first six key questions point to a Reagan victory, he said. He added that history shows an incumbent's election chances also increase each time he can answer "no" to the remaining questions:

7. Was there a serious contest for the incumbent party nomination? White House officials discount any such threat.

N. Was there a major thirdparty campaign? The answer for 1984 is unclear, but former Congressman John Anderson may

9. Was there an election-year recession or depression? The answer for 1984 is likely to be "no". according to most economists. who foresec continued economic recovery.

 Was there major social unrest in the nation during the incumbent administration? Mr. Lichtman said an example of major social unrest was the rioting that shook American cities to 1968 but that unrest on this scale was unlikely before the election.

11. Was the incumbent administration tainted by major scandal? There have been allegations of impropriety against Mr. Reagan aides, but these do not seem to have tainted him. The "debategate" scandal, in which the Reagan campaign got stolen briefing papers from the Carter camp prior to a major 1980 campaign debate, has recently appeared to be dying down.

12. Is the challenging party candidate charismatic or a national hero? Mr. Lichtman says the answer for 1984 is likely to be "no". unless the Democrats choose Senator John Glenn of Ohio. whose 'exploits as an astronaut won him hero status.

13. Did the incumbent suffer a major foreign setback? Mr. Reagan has not suffered one so far. Mr. Lichtman said history

shows that if six or more of the 13 questions go against the inc-umbent he will lose, but that in Mr. Reagao's case only three or four of the questions may be answered unfavourably in 1984; He may not yet have won a major foreign success, may possibly be taimed by scandals, may face Mr. Glenn, the national hero candidate, and may suffer some voter

disfavour due to lingering effects of the recession.

Thus Mr. Reagan is a likely winner should he seek re-election in 1984." Mr. Lichtman said.

In 1980, by contrast, nine of the questions went against Mr. Carter. He had won in 1976 with less than 51 per cent of the vote, lacked charisma, was strongly challenged for renomination, was beset by recession and by alleged scandals, including a controversial loan his brother Billy got from Libya, had woo no major policy changes, suffered a major foreign defeat in the Iran hostage crisis. and faced Mr. Reagan, a more charismatic opponent, in the gen-

eral election. Mr. Liehtman said that if Mr. Reagan chooses not to run in 1984 all bets are off, because the new Republican candidate would lose the advantages of incumbency and would have difficulty taking credit for Mr. Reagan's achievements.

### Bilal: Islam's first muezzin

Written By Barry Hoberman **Illustrated By Michael** Grimsdale

One of the most characteristic -- and stirring evocative -symbols of Islam is the adhan. the Arabic call to prayer, dramatically intoned by a muezzin from high atop a lofty minaret. Heard once, it is never forgotten. The use of the adhan goes back to the lifetime of the Prophet Muhammad, and is mentioned once in the Koran, in connection with the Friday assembly:

O believers, when proclamation is made for prayer on the day of Congregation, hasten to God's remembrance and leave trafficking aside, that is better for you, did you

- Sura 62:4 Muslim tradition supplies the story of how the adhan came to be used to announce the times of the five daily prayers. After the emigration of Muhammad and his followers from Makkah (Mecca) to Medina -which is called the Hijra -- a believer named Abd Allah Ibn Zaid had a vision in which he tried to buy a wooden clapper to summon people to prayer. But the man who had the clapper advised him to call out to the people instead and to cry:

great!
I testify that there is no god but

I testify that Muhammad is the Apostle of God. Come to prayer! Come to prayer! Come to salvation! Come to salvarion!

God is most great! God is most.

There is no god but God. According to 1bn Ishaq, the

eighth-century biographer of the Prophet. Ibn Zaid went to Muhammad with his story and Muhammad. approving, told him to ask an Ethiopian named Bilal. who had a marvelous voice, to call the Muslims to prayer. As Ibn tshay told the story (in Albert Guillaume's translation). When the Apostle was told of

this he said that it was a true vision if God so willed it, and that he should go to Bilal and communicate it to him so that he might call to prayer thus, for he had a more penetrating voice. When Bilal acted as muezzin. 'Umar I. who later became the second caliph, heard him in his house and came to the Apostle ...saying that he had seen precisely the same vision. The Apostle said God be praised for that!'.

Though slightly different ver-

God is most great! God is most sions of the story exist, all agree that Islam's first muezzin was Bilal. But who was this man whom role in the nascent Muslim community?

Actually, very little is known. Bilal Ibn Rabah, an Ethiopian. was born in Makkah sometime in the late sixth century, of very humble parentage, and was one of the first inhabitants of Makkah to accept the religion that a local merchant named Muhammad the Prophet began to preach there around the year 610.

According to Ibn Ishaq, Bilal suffered for his immediate acceptance of vluhammad's message. In fact Bilal's master. Umayya Ibo Khalaf reportedly, "would bring him out at the hottest part of the day and throw him on his back in the open valley and have a great rock put on his chest: then he would say to him. You will stay here till you die or deny Muhammad and worship al-Lat and al-'Uzza' (pre-Islamic god-

Bilal, however, would not renounce Islam and eventually Abu Bakr, later the most distinguished of the Prophet's Companions and the first Caliph, rescued him.

In 622, the year of Hijra. Bilal also migrated to Medina and over the next decade accompanied the Prophet on all military expeditions, serving, tradition says, as the Prophet's mace-bearer and steward, but also as a muezzin revered by viuslims for his majestically sonorous renditions of the adhar

Bilal's finest hour came in January. 630, on an occasion regarded as one of the most hallowed moments in Islamic history, After the Muslim forces had captured vlakkah, the Prophet's muezzin ascended to the top of the Ka ba to call the believers to prayer -- the first time the call to prayer was heard within Islam's holiest city.

There is coofusion about what happened to Bilal after the death of the Prophet in 632. Abu Bakr succeeded the Prophet as head of the Muslim community, and some sources say that Bilal acted as Abu Bakr's muezzin but subsequently declined to serve his successor. Umar Ibn al-Khattab, in the same canacity. Other authors say the Prophet's death signaled the end of Bilal's career as a muezzin, and that he called the faithful to prayer only twice more in his life -- once in Syria, to honour the visiting 'Umar, and a second time, in Medina. when he was specifically usked to do so by the Propher's grandsoos.

What seems clear is that at some point Bilal accompanied the Muslim armies to Syria and that he the sources credit with such key died there between 63% and 642. though the exact date of death and place of burial are disputed. Yet if there is some dis-

agreement concerning the hard facts of Bilal's life and death, his importance on a number of levels is incontestable. Muezzin guilds. especially those in Turkey and Africa, have traditionally venerated the original practitioner of their noble profession, and Alrican Muslims as a whole feel a speeial closeness and kinship to him: he was an Ethiopian, after all, who had been exceptionally close to the Prophet, and is a model of steadfastness and devotion to the faith. The story of Bilal, in fact. remains the classic and most trequently cited demonstration that in the Prophet's eyes, the measure of a man was neither nationality nor social status, but piety,

-- Aramco World magazine



Umayya Ibn Khalaf "would bring Bilal out at the hottest part of the day, throw him on his back - and have a great rock put on his chest.'

### Randa Habibs

### Untimely disturbance

In Amman we like theatres and adore altsorts of shows. We make it a point to attend all cultural activities and this is a very healthy sign. But when these activities take place in the Palace of Culture. for example, we always miss the end of the show.

Let me elaborate. The Palace of Culture can seat several hundred people and when the programme is popular the place is full; it is then that people do not stay until the end. They are so scared of being caught in the crowd that as soon as the end of the show approaches they just leave not bothering to see the last sceoes.

The other evening I was enjoying the excellent Chinese acrobatic show. The place was full and this is understandable. Around the end of the show the speaker was presenting the last show by saying: "This show that we have left for the end is the pride of our group, it was awarded the first prize in a festival in France...". exactly at that moment my neighbours chose to stand up and head for the

As they were not the only ones to have this reaction many persons were making their way in the darkness to find the exit, it did not take long for a crowd to inrm. The people who were standing were disturbing the sitting ones who started to grumble. As a result from those sitting and those standing very few people had the privilege of seeing the most exciting part of the show. Does the wish of reaching one's car five numutes before the other explain this panie?

### Islam flourishes in West

By Murad W. Hofmann

It seems scarcely conceivable but the first Muslim community in Germany existed as early as the time of Frederick the Great, He had integrated Tartar stragglers from the forces of his enemy Catherine the Great in his Prussian hussars without further ado. With the magnanimity of an enlightened monarch, he provided his Muslim soldiers with a mosque at Berlio in 1732, As M.S. Abdullah tells in his amazing" History of Islam in Germany". this mosque was later looked after by an Imam Osman, who had the rank of a Prussian Lieutenant.

It was not therefore today's Turkish guest-workers who founded the first community of Turkish Muslim oo German soil but their prisoner of war predecessors to the 17th and 18th centuries. The fact that Kaiser Wilhelm II -"Friend and Protector of the Islamic World" - had another mosque established in the Wunsdorf PoW camp oear Berlin thus accorded with a tradition of religious tolerance: From 1914 this mosque met the oeeds of some 15,000 Muslims from British. French. and Russian colonies.

During the World War 11, there were at times over 150,000 Mus-

A start was even made in 1944 on training Mullahs in Germany. At the same time, rather curiously. several 16 year-old members of Hamburg's marine section of the Hitler Youth became Muslims. Their number included such prominent figures to-be as Amiyn Neuhaus, the Hamburg banker. and Mahmoud Heitmann, security adviser to Saudi Arabia.

Today over one and a half million Muslims — mostly Turks — live in the Federal Republic of Germany. Their mosques and also their Koran Schools (banned in Turkey) and religious orders --including the Suleymanii and Nurdshuluk movements — are to be found in almost every German town, There are also Germanspeaking Muslim communities. particularly in Aachen, Berlin, Cologne, Hamburg, and Munich. They reflect the diversity of this faith, even though Sunoite Islam. deriving from the Hanafi school of law, also dominates in Germany.

The Ahmadiya sect has been established in Berlin since the 1920s. Hamburg's mosque on the other hand, is a centre for the Shi-

The fast-growing Islamic community in Munich is particularly influential. Fatima Heeren publishes the "Al-Islam" magazine lim soldiers in the German army. there, and is also in charge of the

first translation of the Koran by German Muslims.

Islamic writings in German are mainly published by the Verlag Islamiche Bibliothek Muhammad Rassoul in Cologne. The publishing programme ranges from Mosques for colouring by way of Divorce in Islamic Law to A philosophical way to Islam.

German Muslims - and there may be anywhere between 2.0000 and 10,000 by now -- have been meeting for weekend seminars three times a year ever since 1976. The driving-forces are Ahmad von Denffer and Muhammad Siddiq. Other people — such as Muhammad Aman Hobohm - devote themselves to the translation of the Koran, contribute towards development of a curriculum for teaching of the Islamic religion in North Rhine-Westphalia. or assist in evaluation of school books for use by Muslims.

Among the Germans who have recently gone over to Islam there are remarkably many university graduates, and even Catholic and Protestant theologians. Most of them have been decisively impressed by what they saw in Islamic countries, experiencing Islam as a third way between libertinage and totalitarianism.

### Germany



- Kultur Chronik, W. Germany The mosque in the Freimann district of Munich

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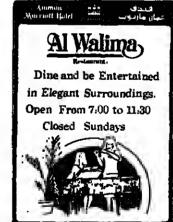
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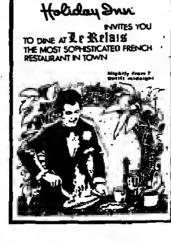




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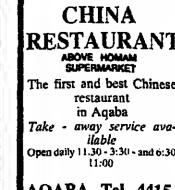
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# SPORTS

## Arnoux wins Dutch race, challenges for championship

ZANDVOORT. Netherlands (R) - Rene Arnoux of France drove his Ferrari to victory in the Dutch Grand Prix Sunday to mount a strong World Championship challenge after both his main rivals knocked themselves out of the

Arnoux's victory moved him up 10 second place in the drivers championship standings with 43

#### Crown Hotel holds swimming competition

AMMAN (Petra) - A total of 80 swimmers of all ages took part in a swimming competition urganised by the Amman Crown Hutel Sunday afternoon. The swimmers represented Al Hussein Youth City Club, the Orthodox Club, the Royal Automobile Club and the Crown Hntel Country and Sports Complex. The swimming competitioo was held under the patronage of speaker of the National Consultative Council Suleimao Arar who distributed trophies, prizes and medals to the winners. Also attending the competition were the director of the Youth Welfare Organisation and invited guepoints, eight behind Renault driver Alain Prost of France and six ahead of former Champion Nelson Piquet of Brazil in a Brabham.

seconds over Riccardo Patrese of

Afterwards. Piquet told jou-

"Nobody leading the cha-

With three more Grands Prix

this season. Sunday's result has

thrown the World Championship

wide opeo. The scene is now set

for a battle royal between Prost

and Amoux at the remaining races

at Monza in Italy. Brands Hatch in

Britain and Kyalami in South Afr-

DUISBURG, West Germany (R)

- Unfancied Australia stormed

10 a shock victory over favourises

East Germany in the prestige eig-

hts heats on the opening day of the

World Championships in Dui-

Australian crew surged to victory

by more than a length and gua-

ranteed themselves an automatic

The East Germans will have to

race again in the repechages on

Tuesday and, facing strong opp-

osition, cannot be sure of a place

Australia, who arrived in West

Germany an unknown quantity.

may find themselves favourites for

and telephone.

place to next Sunday's final.

Against a stiff headwind, the

sburg on Sunday.

in the fioals.

mpionship would do that del-

rnalists that he believed the col-

lision had been an accident.

lialy in a Brabham.

iberately." he said.

It was a double triumph for Ferrari, with Amoux's teammate and compatriot Patrick Tambay taking second place to move level with Piquet in third place with 37 poi-

For the first 41 laps of the 72-lap race, however, it appeared the outcome would be very different. Piquet led throughout after a storming start from first position on the grid, challeoged by Prost in second place with the rest of the

field dropping behind.

But things changed dramatically on the 41st lap as Prost and Piquet collided when Prost tried to steal the lead.

The collision came at the hairpin end of the long, fast straight when both drivers were braking hard. Prost tried to slip by on the inside, skidded slightly and hit Piquet who swerved off the track into a retaining wall of rubber tyres. The Brazilian climbed out

Prost continued for half a lap. but suddenly slewed off the track in a shower of sparks and smoke at a corner as his suspensioo collapsed, apparently damaged to the collisioo.

This left Arnoux, who had been about 10 seconds behind the leaders, at the head of the race with a comfortable lead of around 45

### Nakano supreme in pro sprint final

ZURICH (R) - Koichi Nakano of Japan claimed a recordequalling seventh world professional sprint cycling title here on Sunday.

The 27-year-old millionaire from Fukuoka romped to success with a 2-0 victory over French hope Yave Cahard in a one-sided

Nakano did not oeed a deciding race as he charged away from Olympic silver medallist Cahard in both heats.

The Frenchman maoaged to stay with him first time out, but Nakano was always in command and beat him by the length of his front wheel.

Australia storms to shock rowing triumph

Nakano, who was made a for-

They finished more than four

seconds faster than the other heat

winner, Czechoslovakia, another

unsung crew who gained the only

other direct place in the eights

final io the most exciting race of

behind to beat the Soviet Union.

France and New Zealand, the rei-

gning world champions, All four

crews crossed the line within little

mpressive this season, but a pow-

erful late sputt in the last 500 met-

res Sunday carried them from

Fourth place was a bitter dis-

Czechoslovakia have beeo uni-

more than a second.

third place to victory.

The Czechoslovaks came from

luoe from the Japanese-invented gambling sport of Keirin bike racing, sped elear of his rival with half a lap of the second leg remaining and found time to punch the air in triumph as he crossed the line

comfortably ahead. Nakano said after matching the seven triumphs registered by Italian sprint king Antonio Maspes between 1955 and 1964: "I do not yet know whether I shall go for the record next year - I am getting

"For the momeot I am very pleased to have won here." Italian Octavio Dazzan, bruised and battered after crashing in the Keirin final on Wednesday night.

snatched the bronze medal from

appointment for New Zealand, who seemed to be heading for a remarkable victory when they took the lead 500 metres from home after trailing in fifth place 1.5(it) metres out.

But the all black oarsmen faded in the desperate sprint to take the all-important first place. The New Zealand coxed fours

showed much better finishing in the day's other most eventful race. They came from fourth position with just 300 yards to go to beat the fancied Soviet and East and

West German crews. Afterwards coach Brian Hawthoroe praised the team's endurance and sprinting ability, saying: "To get drawn in the best heat and win .was a tremeodous confidence-booster."

Most of the remaining heats in the eight men's classes ran to form, with the powerful East German squad cruisiog comfortably through to Friday's sem-

There are oo semifinals in the eights and coxless fours because neither class has more than 12 contestants.

more exciting third place fioal. The Japanese shot across the

Masamitau Takizawa in a much

determined riding by the bandaged Italian enabled him to square the match and win the decider by rather less than half a wheel. The Italians bad further cause

for celebration because Bruno Vicini surprised rated Dutchmen Rene Kos and Martin Havik in the professional motor-paced final. Vicini finished just 10 metres ahead of former World Champion

Kos after an hour-long struggle for supremacy. Havik came third. a further 20 metres behind. It was the first professional motor-paced wie by an Italian for 34 years. Elio Frosio last achieved the feat in Copeohageo in 1949.

Michael Marcussen of Denmark turned last year's silver into gold despite being iovolved in a multiple crash midway through the 50km amateur points race.

The Dane, one of seveo riders who tumbled down the steeplybanked concrete track, escaped

Minutes later the 27-year-old bespectacled Dane rode away from the front of the pack and gained a lap.

He was joined in the break by defending champion Hans Joachim Pohl of East Germany, oot involved in the spill, and Ivan Romanov of the Soviet Union. ridmg with the top of his right leg badly grazed as a result of the acc-

Pohl, well behind Marcusser after a series of points-scoring sprints, settled for second place with the courageous Soviet, who also punctured later, third,

JORDAN TIMES Tel: 666265 666320

### **Dutch defeat Soviets in** epic European hockey final

AMSTERDAM (R) - The Net- stitute Hidde Kruize, brother of herlands took the gold medal at the team's star ties. line first to the opening heat but the Men's European Hockey Championship Sunday after an epic struggle when they defeated the Soviet Union in the first penalty-shot decider of the toumament's history.

The Dutch scored eight penalties to the Soviet Unioo's six to take their first European title. Neither team could get the

upper hand in the thrilling see-saw match. Rob Bouwman opened the scoring for the home side after 13 minutes but only four minutes later. Oleg Zagorodnev equalised oo a break from a Dutch short corner.

The Soviet Union pulled ahead in the second half with a goal from captain Farit Zigagierov. But Theodoor Doyer replied for the Netherlands in the 65th minute to leave the score 2-2 at full time. A European men's final had

oever gone to extra time and the teams responded with a breathtaking display. The Netherlands

not reaching the final here by taking the bronze medal with a 3-1 victory over Spain. The Spaniards normally play defensively against the West

went ahead with a goal from sub-

Germans and that helped them win their qualifying round match 4-2. But on Sunday they pushed forward, leaving themselves exposed to the West Germans lighining counter-attacks.

But the Soviet Union fought

back with two penalties in quick

succession by substitute Via-

cheslav Mishurnov to go ahead

iets, who had never finished hig-

her than ointh, would win the title.

Tim Steens shot home the equ-

oumber of penalties the Sovier

Union had scored in the shoot out

Defending Champions West

Germany gained consolation for

Confusion surrounded the

alizer to save the home side.

but this was resolved.

Just when it looked as if the Sov-

### Defender dropped from America's Cup trials

ection committee Sunday dropped the yacht Defeoder from the America's Cup trials, leaving Liberty and Courageous to fight for the chance to defend the cup for the United States next month.

Defender was elimioated immediately after losing two races to Liberty in moderate to fresh winds on Rhode Island Sound. Libetty woo the first race by one minute and III seconds over an 11-mile course and took the second race by one minute and 16 seconds over an eight-mile course.

The Americao trials must end no later than September 8 and eit- weakness but we weren't able to her Liberty or Courageous will do it."

four years.

NEWPORT, Rhode Island (R) - defend the Cup against either The New York Yacht Club's sel- Australia II or Britain's Victory '83 in a best-of-seveo series of races starting on September 13. The elimination came as a sur-

prise to the Defender crew who chought they had earoed a new lease oo life by beating Courageous three times two days ago. But Defender was not able to hold off either Liberty or Courageous on the upwind legs when the going was heavy.

"We have an obvious weakness in heavy air." said Defender's skipper Tom Blackaller. "We'd known it for a long time and we worked hard to try and solve that

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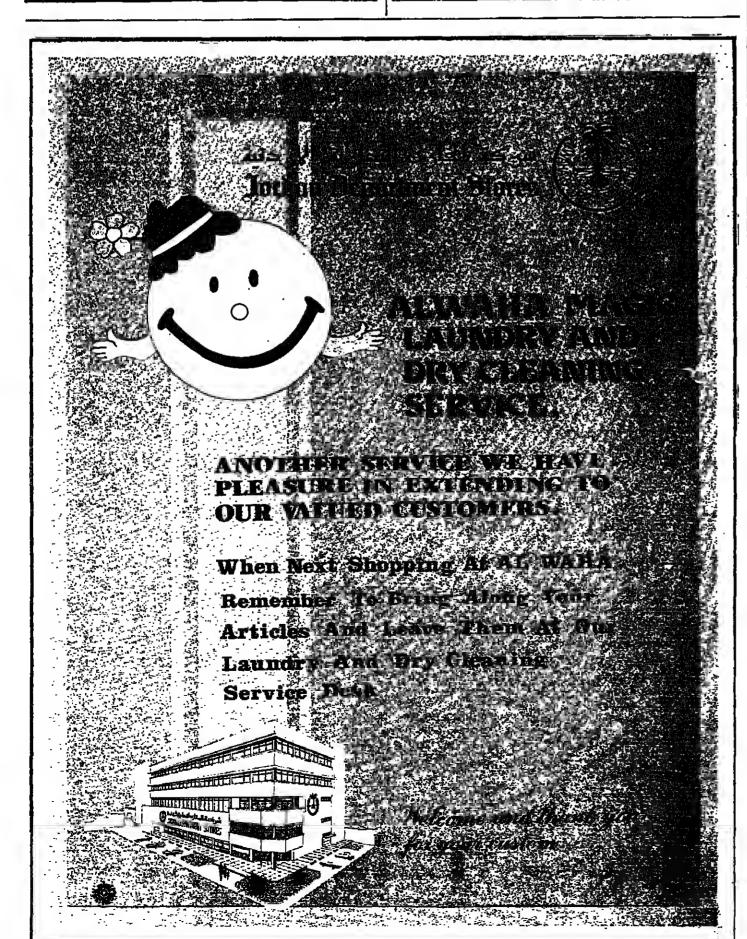
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### U.S. to grant Sudan \$19.7m

KHARTOUM (R) - The United States agreed Saturday to grant \$19.7 million for road maintenance and rehabilitation in southern Sudan, the official Sudanese News Agency Suna said.

It reported the signing of an aid agreement by Finance Minister Ibrahim Monim Mansour and U.S. Ambassador Hume Horan. The project is the first phase in a long-term effort by the goveroment and the U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID) to improve the road network in southern Sudan. Suna said. The agreement to be implemented over a six-year period will

rehabilitate about 3111 kilometres of road in the equatorial and Bahr In addition to Saturday's accord, U.S. aid to southern Sudan includes \$10 million to improve the road from Juba to Kenya, \$10 million for health care and \$500,000 towards local government

planning. Suna said. Overall U.S. economic aid to Sudan for 1983 is expected to exceed

Agreements have already been signed for \$50 million of food aid and No8 million for balance of payments assistance.

### Moroccan oil import credit pact founders

BAHRAIN (Rt - A credit package to finance Moroccan oil imports has foundered after Morocco announced plans to reschedule medium and long-term debts, banking sources said Saturday,

A signing ceremony planned in Casablanca for the \$2100 million letter of credit refinancing facility was cancelled after some of the 25 international banks involved in the package withdrew, they said.

Gulf international bank officials said on Wednesday the signing would go ahead as planned as long as other participant banks agreed, because the one-year credit, for which the bank was agent, clearly was a short-term transaction.

But a small number of banks withdrew completely from the deal and others in dicated they would not participate unless the terms were tightened, the sources said.

The financing to the state oil concero Marocaine de l'Industrie de Raffinage involved 91-day letters of credit to be refinanced by the banks for a further 1811 days at 2x of a percentage point over London Inter Bank Offered Rates [LIBOR].

They said the financing might reemerge, probably with tougher terms, after Morocco's rescheduling proposals, to be outlined at a meeting in Rabat on Sept. 9. became clearer.

### Oxford seminar to examine energy issues

OXFORD, England (OPECNA)

— Structural changes in the oil industry, problems of energy demand, the energy policies of industrialised countries and altemative fuels to oil are some of the issues to be examined at; the 1983 Oxford energy seminar

which opens here Monday. of the annual event, said he believed that although the meetings were "very informal", they had contributed towards improving the North-South aumosphere. Participants, from both developed and Third World nations, discussed a wide range of problems related to energy issues and

North-South relations, he added. This year's conference, the fifth in the series, is organised by St. Catherine's College, Oxford and

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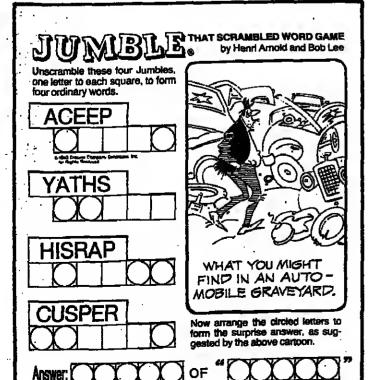
co-sponsored by OAPEC and

Among the participants will be **OPEC Deputy Secretary General** Fadhil Al Chalabi and OAPEC Secretary General Ali A. Attiga. Representatives from dev-

eloping countries include Mr. Ali Jaidah, managing director of the Datar General Petroleum Corporation. Mr. Alberto Quiros, president of Venezuela's Meneven Oil Company, and Mr. Shigeaki Uekl, president of Petrobras of Brazil.

From the industrialised world. participating oil executives include Mr. Peter Baxendell, chairman of Shell Petroleum (U.K.). Mr. Marcello Colitii, vice chairman of Agip I Italy and Mr. Alfred Decrane Jr., president of Texaco [United States).





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# Kremlin calls for speed-up in developing new technology

dership Sunday ealled for a speed-up in the development of new technology, saying it was vital to keep up with the pace of change

In a special decree published in the press, the government ordered factories to expand research departments and said measures would be taken to assure a much swifter exchange of technical knowledge within the country.

It also announced that from 1985 the authorities would offer rewards of up to 411,000 roubles (\$52,000) for inventions or schemes which introduced new tec-

hnological ideas. The decree said the whole technology issue was of vital importance because it was one of the "main areas of competition between the socialist and capitalist

imports

poration

Development Bank said Sunday it

had agreed to finance imports of

by Algeria's National Steel Cor-

industrial goods worth \$11 million

It said in a statement that this

brought total financing by the

Bank for Algeria in the current

Islamic year which started last

In a separate statement, the

bank said its board of directors

began a meeting here Sunday to

discuss a number of new financing

projects for Islamic countries and

consider the bank's operational

deposit rates **

BAHRAIN (R) - Interest rates

on large Saudi riyal deposit at off-

October to 597 million.

plan for the next year.

Saudi riyal

steady

lers said.

reflect growing Kremlin concern over the technology gap between the Soviet Union and the West.

Western experts say this has been steadily widening in the past few years, when Soviet industry has been unable to keep up with the rapid development of computers and robots in the United States, Japan and Western Eur-

The effects of this lag have also been making themselves telt on the country's export figures.

Machinery and manufactured products, which once totalled halt of all Moscow's exports, made up only 13 per cent last year, the lowest level since World War II.

· Soviet Leader Mr. Yuri Andropov has repeatedly stressed the

need to improve the quality and The new measure appeared to technological level of Soviet products and Sunday's decree had clearly been formulated in response to those demands.

It sharply criticised the industrial ministries and the Academy of Sciences for failing to ensure a rapid and steady development of new technology in the past years. As a result too much of Soviet

industry was simply behind the times, it said.

The major problem was a lack of proper cooperation between academic institutes working on new ideas and the industries which were intended to use them, the decree concluded.

It called for the responsible authorities to change that by drutting long-range research programmes which would bring academies and

The decree also called for a move towards much greater standardisation in Soviet industry so that new technologies would find wider and faster application.

Western experts believe that the most advanced technological developments in the Soviet Union are carried out within the military olicre and are rarely transferred the civilian sector.

The decree made no mention of cooperation with Western com-

Some Western analysis believe Soviet computer development has been based largely on copies of Western hardware and predict sloseow will need to work more closely with U.S. and Japanese companies if it wants to keep up with them in the years ahead.

#### Experts meet in Turkey to IDB to discuss world financial issues finance ISTANBUL (R. . An int-(1 MF) and the World Bank. Algerian

eroational group of 40 financial. banking, aid and development experts will open a three-day meeting in Istanhul Monday to discuss world monetary issues. The informal group, convened by the United Nations Dev-

elopment Programme IUNDP: and the private North-South round table organisation, will devote much of the conference to the developing world's foreign debt problems. UNDP officials said that it

could produce agenda suggestions for an international conference on revising the world monetary system similar to the 1944 Bretton Woods conference, which created the International Monetary Fund

The opening and closing sessions are expected to be chaired by Philippines' Prime Minister and Foreign Minister Cesar Virata.

Other participants include Pakistan's Planning and Development Vinister Viahbub UI Haq. UNDP chief Mr. Bradlord Morse, African Development Bank President viung Omba, Bank of Tokyo Managing Director Eiichi Valsumoto and Nigerian Central Bank Executive Director G.

After an open inaugural session, including a welcoming address by 'Furkey's minister for external economic relations. Vr. Sermet Refik Pasin, delegates will

begin a series of private discussions.

Topies will include developing countries' external debts, estimated by the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development at \$626 billion last year. human resource development, aid flow and institutional reform.

The officials said special auention would be given to how formal mechanisms could be set up for debt renegotiations, international credit-rating and linancing shortfalls in commodity irade

Other major topics will include the problems of dealing with the human cost of recession and how

### Saudi Arabian electricity reaches 90% of population

electrification programme has exceeded the target set for it under the country's current five-year plan which ends in 1985.

shore banks in Bahrain were unc-Mr. Youssef Al Hamad, deputy hanged from Saturday after it becminister at the ministry of industry ame clear that the Saudi Arabian Monetary Agency intended to leave the parity of the rival unchanged at 3.48 to the dollar, dea-The spot riyal was quoted at ulation.

3.4805'15 to the dollar in early

trading. The dealers said there were some expectations of rates edging down slightly during the next two days, but trading was expected to be quiet until Tuesday because of the closure of the London Eurodollar market Monday for a bank holiday.

RI : ADH (R) - Saudi Arabia's

and electricity, told reporters that the number of electricity consumers had risen threefold in eight years to 7.7 million, more than the per cent of the kingdom's pop-The five-year plan's target was

Sit per cent, he added.

Mr. Hamad said that during the eight years that followed the creation of his ministry in 1975, generating capacity mse almost nine times to more than "LIIK) megawatts and power now covered more than 3 outs towns and vil-

lages.

To meet the expected 40 per cent annual growth in electricity requirements, the ministry is now consolidating generating capacity by setting up new power stations.

The expansion programme has been financed by the government through easy loans from the Saudi Industrial Development Fund and other official subsidies. According to Mr. Hamad, the

Saudi Industrial Development Fund extended 2.55 billion Saudi riyals (\$740 million) to the electricity sector in 1976.

In 1982, electricity allocations were 32.63 billion riyals (89.4 bil-

vtr. Hamad said he believed the loans should be paid back eve-

nually when the industry becomes profitable.

But now that citizens had a better standard of living, the government should not alone be expected to finance the expansion of electricity supply, he said. However, subsidies to the ind-

ustry, which have been generally blumed for the sharp increase in electricity use, should be looked at as part of a general policy towards government support.

One kilowatt is sold to customers at about seven halalas (about two cents) while according to Mr. Hamad the cost amounts to 24 halalas (about seven cents).

Asked about a national grid. Mr. Hamad said connections would be made on a regional level and then extended.

#### **Peanuts**









#### Mutt 'n' Jeff







#### **Andy Capp**







FORECAST FOR MONDAY, AUGUST 29, 1983

# YOUR DAILY OFOS

GENERAL TENDENCIES: This is your time to get into the verious practical details and metters of a vary financial neture, end it is urged that you do get in touch with mundane minded persons to add to success.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Plen how to become more auccessful and gain advice from experts that will be most helpful

to you. Don't break promises. TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Early make those appointments for recreetion and tonight all works out just fine. Then

get busy improving appearance. GEMINI (Mey 21 to June 21) Have the secret discussions necessary so that your lite becomes more sate and secure. Steer clear of men who are too demanding.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Get In touch with friends who can help you gain better social status and pleasures and forget business matters.

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) You can handla worldly matters today, but tonight avoid spending money for recreation. Show that you can please those in power.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Study those periodicals that can bring you the information you need so that you can hava greater advancement. Express kindness.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Study the best method for paying your bills so that creditors are pleased and satisfied. Then be careful in motion and avoid acidents,

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov, 21) Have that discussion with a pertner that can leed to greater productivity in the days shead. Be clever and invest wisely. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Get your work organ-

ized so that higher-ups will give you their OK and more benefits. Don't try to force your ideas on others. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Get every phase of your

life organized in a most intelligent way and be very practical and down to earth. Be active today. AOUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Show kin that you ere

devoted and care for their well being, then forget those who gossip. Deytime is best for enterteining et home. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Get into the details of eny cor-

respondence or other communications you have and get good results. Visit friends today. IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he or she will be one

of those charming young persons who will always look at the practical side of things so be sure to plan for a good education so that there can be much success during the lifetime, especially in the field of business.

'The Stars Impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

### THE Daily Crossword By Nency McCarthy

60 Goes one

style 19 Pelred

up on 63 The Ten

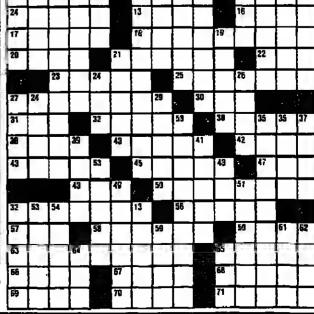
31 Lap robe 32 Kind of intection

1 Ant, old





comb. form



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## WORLD

## King remembrance rally blasts Reagan's policies

WASHINGTON (R) — At least 250,000 demonstrators massed in Washington to honour the assassinated black rights leader Martin Luther King. turning the rally into an outspoken protest against President Reagan's policies.

Speakers including Mr. King's widow and possible black pre-sidential candidate Jesse Jackson addressed the multiracial crowd gathered at the Lincoln memorial near the White Hnuse.

They attacked Mr. Reagan policies ranging from jobs to civil rights to El Salvador and nuclear arms control.

What hecame an anti-Reagan rally of blacks, liberal whites, feminists. nuclear freeze crusaders. labour leaders and nthers was called in mark the 20th anniversary of the rally made historic by Mr. King's famous "I have a dream"

The unifying theme was "jobs. peace and freedom." The inspiratinnal slogan was: "We still have a dream

Police tentatively estimated that 250,000 people were at the memorial. Rally leaders said more than 300,(0)0 were assembled. surpassing the record 250,000 crowd when Mr. King spoke at the same spot in 1963.

Roman Catholic Cardinal

Jaime Sin, known for his out-

on human rights issues, declined

Saturday to accept an invitation

from President Ferdinand Marcos

For the clowd, Mr. King, shot dead in 1968, was the inspirational hern. But Mr. Reagan. on holiday in Califoroia, was the figure mentioned again and again in bitter terms.

The demonstrators chanted slogans such as "Reagan no more in 1984" and carried banners saying Reagan kills dreams' and "Reagan must be stopped."

Coretta Scott King, the black leader's widow who also denounced Mr. Reagan in a radio broadcası earlier in the day, paid a moving tribute to her husband at the end of the 11-hour rally.

Telling the hushed crowd that "Martin Luther King Jr. is here today, I can feel it," she blinked back tears and said:

Thank you for your dream. Martin. We are so praud to celebrate this day. It's your day. Martin. Your day."

Then a recording of Mr. King's American history. original "I have a dream" speech boomed out over the loudspeakers complete with eerie

echoes of the applause of 20 years ago. The live crowd stood in silence and some joined bands. Mrs. King swayed her head to the cadence of her husband's voice.

The rally concluded with a saxophonist playing the civil rights anthem of Mr. King's crusade. We shall nvercome.

Benjamin Hooks, head of the national association for the advancement of coloured people. said: "We have come to declare" war on the present policies of the Reagan administration."

Mr. Jackson, the Baptist minister and black leader who is considering running for president next year, denounced what he called the regressive Reagan machine and stirred the crowd to a frenzy of chanting by yelling in a preacher-like litany: "Ynu must march on. Don't let them break your spirit. We will march on from the outhouse to the statehouse to the courthouse to the White House. March on. March on.

Mr. Reagan issued a statement expressing sympathy with the marchers' goal of social justice and said Mr. King's 1963 speech was "a moving movement in

Some 4,000 police were mobilised for the rally hut reported nn serious incidents.

### Spanish royals visit flood-hit area

BILBAO, Spain (R) - King Juan Carlos and Queen Sofia have interrupted their holiday in Majorca to inspect areas of the Basque region devastated by floods which have killed at least 28 people, officials said Sunday.

The king and queen were due to arrive in Victoria, 63 kilometres from the Basque capital Bilhao. late in the murning and then fly over badly-hit areas with the head of the Basque regional government, Carlos Garaikoetxea,

they added.

Local authorities in Bilbao said 20 people were known to have died in the floods in Vizcaya Province and three more in neighbouring Cantabria but rescue teams had not yet reached isolated towns and hill villages. Weather reports Sunday said

Assam during anti-government

Police built barricades and bar-

strikes called by militants.

from the government.

no beavy rainfall was expected. On the French side of border, officials said five bodies had been recovered by late Saturday and

rescue workers were still trying to

the situation was impraving and

locate cars swept away by water from the Nive and Nivelle Rivers. Officials in Bayonne said three penple were still missing after 20 hours of torrential rain in the region on Friday.

Firemen from the northern Spanish city of Zaragoza were due to arrive in the Basque country late Saturday to join the rescue

Convoys of belicopters flew in from Madrid and supply ships. brought food, medicine and extra workers from the northwestern Spanish port of El Ferrol.

Indian government braces itself for

NEW DELHI (R) - Authorities which Prime Minister Indira Gan-

prepared for trouble Monday in dhi's Congress (1) Party, headed

the Indian states of Punjsb and by Mr. Saikia. won a majority.

big protests in Punjab, Assam today

by continuing rain and by a breakdown in communications throughout Vizcaya.

Some main roads out of the province opened again Saturday afternoon but minor ones remained blocked. Bilbao, the Basque capital, was without electricity or working telephones and the old quarter was under three metres of

Burst water mains cut; off drinking water in the city and long queues formed outside the few food shops open despite police requests that people should stay at home.

Rail links between Spain and France, cut on Friday, resumed Saturday evening as Prime Minister Felipe Gonzalez flew in a bel-The work was held up Saturday icopter over the flooded areas.

1947 is now shared as an adm-

inistrative centre with the nei-

granted several of the Sikb rel-

igious demands, but says the pol-

itical concessions require the agr-

eement of neighbouring states and

further negotiation is required. Mr. Longowal ruled out fresh

talks with the government in June.

eloping. Punjab extremists have

carried out a series of killings and

bomb artacks across the state, fue-

lling tensinn between Sikhs and

PTI said para-military police

would be on duty Monday to pre-

vent demonstrators getting into

government buildings.
Newcomers bave been entering

Assam from Bangladesh, formerly

East Pakistan, for several decades.

The hardline Assamese, who are

mostly Hindus, say there are as

many as 3.5 million illegal imm-

igrants in the state and claim the

present government was elected

The government argues the

number of migrants is closer to

one million and says it will set up a

series of tribunals to weed out for-

eigners who came in after 1971.

Anti-immigrant feeling burst

into open warfare in the February

elections when whole villages

were massacred by gangs of peo-

ple armed with hows and arrows,

in the state capital. Gauhati, they

called the strike to protest against

the "imposition of an illegal gov-

ernment in the state und-

emocratically by the centre (Delhi), instead of solving the for-

eigners issue first as demanded by

the people of Assam for a long

Student leaders told reporters

spears, axes and old guns.

when Bangladeah was created.

on immigrant votes.

Hindus.

With an apparent impasse dev-

ghbouring state of Haryana.

### Kissinger commission to meet 3 ex-presidents

VAIL. Colorado (R) — Former Secretary of State Henry Kissinger said Saturday all three surviving farmer U.S. presidents would meet his commission no

U.S. policy in Central America. Jimmy Carter and Gerald Ford were due to appear before the commission next week and Richard Nixon had agreed to do so later. Dr. Kissinger told a press conference.

The commission also planned to interview former secretaries of state Alexander Haig. William Rogers, Cyrus Vance and Edm-und Muskie and to visit to Central America in the week of Oct. 10, he

on a wide range of concerns bad been summoned to testify before

blundered by appointing an architect of the Vietnam War to head the Central American com-

ultaneously," he said.

# 48 Uruguayans

MONTEVIDEO (R) - The Uruguayan authorities have detitical activity, police said Sat-

part in the pratests have been identified and will be fined for traffic offences, a police statement said. The parties had asked people to stay at home for two bours and

ear-old military government. But Uruguayans went further, deafening the capital by banging pots and pans while some 2,000 staged a spontaneous rally on the square opposite government

Politicians said they feared the protest might persuade the armed forces to take a harder position in deadlocked talks on constitutional reform prior to a return to dem-

# Chile says

SANTIAGO (R) - Chile's military government Saturday granted the return of a further 1.160 exiles, continuing the political relaxation begun by Interior Minister

two weeks ago.

The new list, the second with mure than 1.000 names issued in a week. followed Friday night's announcement ending the state of emergency which was clamped on

The lifting of the state of emergency and the prompt returo of thousands of exiles were among demands made by opposition leaders in a meeting with Mr. Jarpa

Diplomats aaid Saturday, however, that although the end to the state of emergency had great political significance it would have little practical impact.

#### major opposition Unity Party of Nigeria (UPN) planned to foment trouble in the country. The ruling National Party of Nigeria (NPN) said it had documented evidence that the UPN was planning to plunge the country into chaos after election setbacks. NPN Secretary-General UBA Ahmed told a press conference Saturday

that the opposition negan its plans with killings in the two western states of Oyo and Ondo. where More than 100 expert witnesses violence erupted during and after

the commission, he said. Dr. Kissinger shrugged off charges that President Reagan bad

"I have a great tendency to unite the American people. I get shut at from the right and left sim-

### detained, 177 released

ained 48 people and released 177 after Thursday's day of pratests called by all the country's political parties in defiance of a ban on pol-Sixty-nine motorists who took

switch off their lights for 15 minutes in protest against the 10-

octacy promised for March, 1985.

### **1,160** exiles can return

Sergio Jarpa after his appointment

Chile after the coup that braught Gen. Augusto Pinochet to power on Sept.11,1973.

on Thursday.

#### Zambia announces October elections

two weeks ago.

voting in governorship elections

**NEWS** 

BRIEF

Nigeria begins count

LAGOS (R) -- Nigerian officials

Sunday began counting vntes in

Saturday's house of rep-

resentatives elections against a

background of allegatinns that the

IN

of House votes

LUSAKA (R) — Zambia will hold general and presidential elcctions on Oct. 27. the electoral commission announced. President Kenneth Kaunda dissolved parliament on Friday, shortly after he was elected sole presidential can-didate for the ruling United National Independence Party (UNIP). To be reelected Mr. Kaunda will require at least 50 per cent of votes from slightly over two million registered voters. The national assembly has 110 members, of which 105 are elected, and five nominated by the president. The ninth UNIP general conference, which ended on Friday night at Mulungushi near Kabwe, north of Lusaka, also approved a 24-strong central committee presented by Mr. Kaunda, including six new members.

#### Designer killed by his own sculpture

LONDON (R) - A designer who accidentally set himself ablaze while trying to destroy a controversial sculpture made of car tyres in central London died in a hospital. James Gore-Graham, 32, a fashionable London furniture designer, suffered severe burns in the fire outside the Royal Festival Concert Hall on the Thames south bank. Petrol cans were planted and set alight inside the sculpture, a 52-metre "submarine" made of used tyres by sculptor David Mach and financed by some criocs. The seven-hour fire shattered windows in the festival hall. Gore-Graham was found nearby, his clothes ablaze.

#### Ex-Cameroun leader ends political life

PARIS (R) - Former Camernun

President Ahmadou Ahidjo bas

annunced his resignation as head, of the National Union of Cameroun (UNC) Party and accused his successor. Paul Biya, of creating a police state in the country. In an interview broadcast on Radio France Internationale, Mr. Ahidjo, currently in France, said: 1 am resigning because 1 feel that Cameroun is on the brink of a crisis." He repeated previous accusations that Mr. Biya had created a police state owing to an obsessinn with fear of a coup d'etat. Mr. Ahidjo, 59, who retired as president last November and handed over to Mr. Biya while retaining the UNC leadership, added that be was retiring from public life. In a broadcast to the nation on. Monday, President Biya said a plot against the security of the state had been discovered, involving Mr. Ahidio's former bod-. yguard and an aide.

#### Ethiopian rebels free Swiss hostages

KHARTOUM (R) — Ten Swiss

citizens held since Aug. 3 by anti-Ethiopian guerrillas bave been released, a spokesman for the Tigray People's Liberation Frant (TPLF) said. The spokesman, Yamani Kidani, told Reuters the Swiss nationals were escorted by TPLF guerrillas Sunday to the outskirts of an Ethiopian-held town 40 kilometres north of Tigray's provincial capital of Makelle where they were set free. The spokesman said the TPLF has decided to release them because they "insisted that they would like to go at their own risk and responsibility."

#### Cardinal Sin criticises state handling of murder MANILA(R) - The leader of 42' custody of government security million Filipino Catholics att- men." he said.

acked the government Saturday night for its handling of the mur-"And there is no way that the government can wash its hands der of opposition leader Benigno clean and disclaim total res-Aguino and said it could not disponsibility for the killing," he claim all responsibility for the kil-

Sen. Aquino. who was considered the main rival of President Marcos, was assassinated last spoken criticism of the authorities Sunday by an unidentified gunman as he was escorted from an aircraft that brought him home after three years' self-imposed exile in the United States.

to join a special judicial commission to investigate the murder Cardinal Sin said he declined to nf former Sen. Aquino last Sun-Marcos in the wake of mounting In a speech in Manila a few hours after his decision Cardinal Sin said whether the government liked it or not, much of the anger nf the Roman Catholic Church synod in the Vatican. He also said and all of the resemment over Aguino's murder was directed at he felt ill-fitted to sit on a panel of

Even those who are not ready to pin the blame directly on the military find the government at fault because, whoever did the

€:1983 Tribune Company Syndicate, Inc.

#### THESE SOCIAL GAMES ARE TOUGH!

~ AQJ982 ◇ A 9 3 **↑** K 65 WEST EAST **↑** A J 63 **+** 52 ♥ K 1054 0 Q764 **4** 10 8 4 3 **↑** A Q 9 2 SOUTH **♦ K 109874 ℃63** 

OK 105

**♣** J7 The bidding: North East South West Dble Pass Pass Pasa 3 NT Pasa 4 + Pass Dble Pass Pass Pass

Opening lead: Four of ♥.

In winter, Weat Palm Beach becomes a mini-New York. Many of the Big Apple's leading bridge players have condominiums there, and the social rubber bridge games often have the same casts as those of New York'a bridge clubs. On this band, nur associate Lee Hazen held the North cards and his wife, Sylvia, was in charge of the South bolding.

Purists might eballenge North's decision to jump to three no trump. Othera might feel that South should try four bearts rather than four spades. But Sylvia Hazen expected to find two apades in dummy, and she was afraid that her hand might not produce many tricks at a heart contract, so

ioin the commission set up by public pressure for an independent inquiry into the killing because of an important meeting

His refusal to join the commission appeared to be a rebuff for Mr. Marcos. The commission had already run into problems when one of its five members ind-

icated he would not take part bec-

murder, nne fact remains clear and unmistakable: Ninoy (Aquino) was killed while he was in the ause of ill-health.

### GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GOREN

Both vulnerable. North we sympathize with her

Against four spades West selected the unwise lead of a beart - the auction suggested a minor-suit attack. Mrs. Hazen took the finesse and was relieved to see it. win. Entries to bey hand were a problem. There were two certain trump losers, and she bad to avoid losing more. than one trick in the minor suits.

Declarer solved her first problem by leading the queen of trumps from dummy and, when East played lnw, she nvertook in her band with the king! Now she could continue with the ten of trumps. East won the jack but he had few choices of exit. cards. If he played a diamond, declarer would avoid a loser in that auit by playing for split diamond honors. If East chose to cash the ace of trumps and exit with a trump, declarer would set up the heart suit via a second; fineaae and would be bome

So East elected to give upa club trick by leading the ace of clubs followed by the queen. Declarer won in dummy, returned to ber hand with a club ruff and led the nine of trumps. East took the' ace of spades, but was faced; with the same predicament as earlier. No matter what be; did, declarer would be able to draw the last trump, repeatthe heart finesse and get rid of the diamond loser on the ace of hearts. Declarer lost; only two trump tricks and the ace of clubs.

#### British base said receives U.S. nuclear warheads

LONDON (R) - Nuclear warheads for U.S. cruise missiles have started to arrive in Britain, a new-

spaper report said. The Mail on Sunday newspaper said in early editions that two nuclear warheads had arrived near Greenham Common, the airbase west of London which is due to receive Eurape's first cruise mis-

The newspaper, quoting an American source, said the warheads had been taken by road to a Royal Air Force base 25 kilometres northwest of Greenham Common.

A British ministry of defence spokesman said he could neither confirm nor deny the report. He told Reuters: "We've said before that they'll be arriving in the second half of this year, but we've declined to be more specific."

A total of 160 cruise missiles will eventually be based in Britain if there is no agreement between the United States and the Soviet Union on limiting medium-range missiles in Europe at talks in Gen-

Anti-nuclear activists have made Greenham Common a focal point for their protests, with blockades and demonstrations. They have announced no plans, however, to try to physically stop the arrival of cruise missiles.

### Pope prays for assailant, kidnapped girl

CASTEL GANDOLFO, Italy (R) — Pope John Paul II prayed Sunday for Mehmet Ali Agca. the Turkish gunman who tried to kill him in May 1981, and a missing schoolgirl said to be held as a

hostage hy Mr. Agca's friends. The linked prayers, at the end of the Pope's Sunday angelus address, stopped short of meeting demands set by presumed kid-nappers of Emanuela Orlandi, the 15-year-old Vatican messenger's daughter who vanished on June

But they came close to at least part of the public statement demanded by the self-styled "Turkish anti-Christian liberation front" that Agea, like Emanuela, was a human being, and should be treated as such. Referring both to Emanuela

and the disappearance of another girl reported missing in Rome at about the same time, the Popel "I am elose to the parents of these young students, sharing their anxiety, and I pray to the

Lord that he will touch the hearts of those who claim to hold these innocent and defenceless beings. As always, I pray also for the person of my attacker." Police following up a spate of tips and anonymous telephone calls have failed to find any trace

of her.

yet handled. Agca, who is serving a life sentence in an Italian prison for his attack in St. Peter's Square, in which the Pope was seriously adaptation syndrome," an illness wounded, has disowned the kidsimilar to motion sickness which napping and said he does not wisb affects almost half the people who, to be set free.

bed wire fences round key gov-eroment buildings in the northern swamping Assamese culture and taking over land and jobs. They state of Puniab in readiness for a want them deported. planned one-day strike staged by The state government outlawed strikes in several essential services

Sikhs try again

In Punjab, Harcband Singb Longowal, head of the Sikh Akali

Dal Party which issued an unr-

elated strike call, urged all gov-

ernment workers there to join the

protest. He appealed to party

workers to remain peaceful, des-

pite what he termed "goveroment

The strike is part of a series of

sometimes violent demonstrations

by Sikhs over the past year to press

a catalogue of religious and pol-

itical demands, including greater

autonomy for Punjab. Most of

India's 12 million Sikhs live in the

The Akali Dal Party also wants

Punjabi-speaking areas from nei-

ghbouring districts to be included

prosperous agricultural region.

immigrants, who are mostly

Bengali-speaking Muslims, of

Sikh militants campaigning for religious and political concessions ahead of Monday's planned action. The student agitators the-In the Brahmaputra Valley mselves exempted those engaged state of Assam in northero India. in key services, such as water, telhardline students demanding the ephones, health, newspapers, the deportation of millions of alleged fire brigade and tea workers, from illegal immigrants called a 36taking part, PTI said. hour strike from Monday, the

provocations."

agency reported. It was the first major challenge to the government in Assam since widespread ethnic violence last February and March in which 3,000 people were killed and more than 300,000 lost their

Press Trust of India (PTI) news

Assam Chief Minister Hiteswar Saikia, claiming the student leaders were politically monivated, said the strike call was most unfortunate as the government was

tackling major issues. He said his government was doing its best to settle the problem of illegal immigrants and bad agreed with Delhi to build a barbed wire fence along the border with neighbouring Bangladesh to prevent further infiltration.

Mr., Saikia visited Delhi last week as fears were voiced in parliament of possible fresb bloodshed in Assam, which had gradually teturoed to normal after the February carnage.

KENNEDY SPACE CENTRE.

Florida (R) - The space shuttle-

Challenger, with the first black

American astronaut aboard.

blasts off from here early on Tue-

sday on its third round trip into

Challenger's five-man crew will

deliver an Indian satellite into

orbit and conduct extensive tests.

on a new communications system

oratory mission in October.

vital to a European space lab-

During the six-day mission, the-

eighth of the shuttle pragramme.

the astronauts will again exercise

Challenger's Canadian-built

robot arm. lifting and man-

oeuvring the largest object it bas

They will also carry out several

in Punjab, for Punjah to be allocated increased water rights and for the city of Chandigarh to be The violence was sparked by an anti-immigrant campaign by ethnic Assamese who objected to the inclusion of large numbers of migrants on voting lists for elections in

made the sole capital of the state. The modern city designed by the French architect Le Corbusier after the partition of Punjab during the creation of Pakistan in

Ist black astronaut on board space shuttle Tuesday

fly the shuttle. The launch and landing will take place in darkness. The brilliant yellow flames of Challenger's two booster rockets on the launch are expected to be seen some 650 kilometres away - by people throughout Florida and in parts of Alabama, Georgia and

The mission will be led by U.S. Navy Capt. Richard Truly, 45, who will be making his second sbuttle voyage. He was pilot of the second flight of Columbia, first of four orbiters planned for the shu-

South Carolina.

scientific experiments, including some designed to study "space . day to give the crew more timeworking with the new sbuttle

data down to eartb. At the beart of the network is a

reached its proper orbit and this mission will be the first opportunity to test all its intricate sys-

That flight in November 1981 was shortened by two days because of a fuel cell problem. This mission has been extended by a

communication network. The success of the first flight of

the Eurupean space agency's spacelab, a multi-billion-dollar scientific laboratory, will depend on the network, which will relay a continuous stream of electronic

act as a conduit to relay the data from spacelab to a special receiving station in New Mexico. Due to a booster rocket malfunction when it was launched in April, the satellite only recently

\$100-million satellite which will

Joining truly at the flight controls will be navy commander Daniel Brandenstein, 40, a former.

fighter pilot in Vietnam. Dale Gardner, 34, a navy lieutenant commander, and Guion. Bluford, 40, an air force lie-

utenant colonel, are mission specialists who will deploy the Indian satelite, operate the mechanical arm and conduct the scientific experiments.

Bluford, the first black American to fly in space, is also a former combat pilot, who gained his experience in South East Asia.

The fifth crewmember is Dr. William Thornton, 54, who will study "apace adaptation syndrome", which has proved such a nuisance to shuttle crews that U.S. space officials bave stepped up efforts to understand its causes and effects.

Thornton, an astronaut since 1967 and a specialist in the medical aspects of apace flight will carry out experiments to try to determine why so many people experience dizziness, nausea and other symptoms during their first few days in orbit.